HARPER, McPHERSON & BUEHLER,
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS,
Baltimore street, between the Court-house and Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION:

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Wednesday afternoon, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates. A liberal deduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year. Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞The circulation of THE STAR AND SENTINEL is one-half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed, and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style will be printed at short notice. Terms, CASH.

Professional Cards, &c.

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other Business entrusted to his care.
Office between Fahnestock and Danner and Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa. [May 29,1867.

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office at his residence in the South-east corner of Centre Square.
Reference.—Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, Lancaster, Pa.
May 29, 1867.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.
☞Office at his residence in the three story building opposite the Court House. [Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

CLAIM AGENCY.—The undersigned will attend to the collection of claims against the U. S. Government, including Military Bounties, Back Pay, Pensions, Forage, &c., either in the Court of Claims or before any of the Departments at Washington.
R. G. McCREARY,
May 29, 1867. Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa.

D. McCONAUGHY, *Attorney and Counselor at Law, and Claim Agent.* Office on Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, one door west of Buehler's Drug Store.
During the session of the Senate he will attend at his office on Saturdays, and has also made arrangements that his clients and their business will at all times receive prompt attention. May 29, 1867.

SAMUEL D. SCHMUCKER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
No. 43 Lexington st., Baltimore, Md.
Will give prompt attention to all Professional matters, as well as long collections and investments.
April 18, 1867.—6m

J. P. CLARKSON. C. VAN SCHAACK.
CLARKSON & VAN SCHAACK,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
No. 82 Dearborn Street,
P. O. Box, 711. CHICAGO, ILL.
☞Refer to the Editors of the "Star & Sentinel."
Nov. 1, 1866.—ly

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL Has his Office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the Compiler Office.
Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

DR. COOK,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,
Having permanently located in Hanover, Pa., respectfully offers his professional services to the public. Special attention given to diseases of women and children.

REFERENCES.
Prof. Ad. Lippe, M. D., Philadelphia,
" J. C. Morgan, M. D., "
Wm. H. Cook, M. D., Carlisle, Pa.,
Hon. Edward McPherson, Gettysburg, Pa.,
David Wills, Esq., "
Rev. J. A. Ross, Hanover, Pa. "
☞Office on the Square, five doors west of Carlisle st., second door from Central Hotel. [May 29, 1867.—ly

JOHN LAWRENCE HILL, Dentist, Office in Chambersburg street, one door west of the Lutheran Church, nearly opposite Dr. R. Horner's Drug Store, where he may be found ready and willing to attend any case within the province of the Dentist.—Persons in want of full sets of teeth are invited to call.
May 29, 1867.

JOHN W. TIPTON, FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-East corner of the Diamond next door to McClellan's Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also an excellent assistant and will ensure satisfaction. Give him a call.
May 29, 1867.

SURVEYOR AND LICENSED CONVEYANCER. The undersigned, having taken out a Conveyancer's License, will, in connection with the office of COUNTY SURVEYOR, attend to the

WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, WILLS, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, CLERKING OF SALES, &c.

Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Business promptly attended to and charges reasonable. Post office address, Fairfield, Adams Co., Pa. J. S. WITHEROW.
May 29, 1867.—1y

OH! YES! OH! YES!!
THE undersigned having taken out an Auctioneer's License, offers his services to the public, and would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to attend promptly to all business in this line. By strict attention to business he hopes to render entire satisfaction. ☞Charges will be very moderate, and satisfaction guarantied in all cases. Address—
HIRAM ALBERT,
Clearspring, York Co. Pa.
May 29, 1867.—tf,

Insurance.

INSURE YOUR PROPERTY.

THE FARMERS' AND MECHANTS' INSURANCE COMPANY, OF YORK, PENNA.,

Incorporated by the Legislature of Penn'a. in 1864.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL	$100,000 00
CAPITAL PAID IN	50,000 00
AVAILABLE ASSETS	55,974 17

INSURANCE can be made in this Company at as low rates as are consistent with the security of the Company and the parties insured, and on as accommodating terms as with any Company in the country.

No premium notes are taken and consequently no assessments will be made on its Policies.

This being an inland Company, no risks will be taken in the large cities.

More than half of the entire stock is owned by its Officers and Directors, which is a guarantee that its affairs will be so managed as to make it a safe medium for insurance.

All losses promptly adjusted and paid without any delay.

Applications may be through the Post Office, from any part of the country, will meet with immediate attention.

Office in the corner-room, Second Story of HARTMAN'S BUILDING, Centre Square, York, Pa.

President—HENRY WELSH.
Vice President—DAVID E. SMALL.

Directors.

Philip A. Small,	John A. Weiser,
M. B. Spahr,	Geo. W. Ilgenfritz,
Charles A. Morris,	W. H. Kurtz, (of C.)
John F. Spangler,	Lewis Carl,
David E. Small.	

Treasurer—Charles Weiser.
Secretary—T. Kirk White.

HENRY A. PICKING, *Agent*, Gettysburg,
F. N. W. BOWER, " York Springs.
June 29, 1867.—3m

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE NORTH AMERICAN LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY
OF PHILADELPHIA,
INSURES PERSONS OF ANY AGE OR OCCUPATION AGAINST DEATH EITHER FROM

DISEASE OR ACCIDENT,

AT LOWEST CASH RATES.

ALL life policies of this Company are payable at the age of 80; so that a man may enjoy the benefit of his investment in his old age, if his life is protracted beyond four score years.

CAPITAL.....$500,000.

OFFICERS:

Lewis L. Houpt, *President.*
S. P. Darlington, *Secretary and Treasurer.*
Directors.—Lewis L. Houpt, Samuel C. Palmer, W. W. Kurtz, H. G. Leisenring, James Shields, J. E. Kingsley, James M. Conrad, John Bingham, Thomas E. Peterson, John A. Wright.

Apply to
HENRY A. PICKING, Esq., Gettysburg,
Agent for Adams County.
☞General Office,
432 WALNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA.
Aug. 21.—3m

Marble Yards.

CANNON'S MARBLE WORKS
CORNER OF BALTIMORE AND EAST MIDDLE ST., OPPOSITE THE COURT-HOUSE,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF WORK EXECUTED IN THE FINEST STYLE OF THE ART.
May 29, 1867.—tf

GETTYSBURG MARBLE YARD.
MALE & BRO.
In East York Street, Gettysburg, Pa. Where they are prepared to furnish all kinds of work in their line, SUCH AS MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEADSTONES MANTLES, &c. &c.
at the shortest notice, and as cheap as the cheapest. Give us a call. Produce taken in exchange for work.
Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

The Star and Sentinel.

VOL. LXVII. NO. 40. GETTYSBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 28, 1867. WHOLE NO. 3472.

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

SELLING OFF!

THE FIRST SEMI-ANNUAL
SALE FOR 1867,
OF
DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, &c.,
COMMENCES MONDAY, JULY 22D AND WILL BE CONTINUED 40 DAYS.

Our whole Summer Stock Marked Down,
REGARDLESS OF COST,

and from 30 to 50 per cent. less than regular prices, our object being to turn into cash Goods that would otherwise lie on our shelves, and *to make room for the largest Stock of Fall Goods we have ever had.*

MARK THE PRICES!

French Lawns from 22 to 35 cents.
Mozambiques from 20 to 30 cents.
Mohair Lustres from 35 to 40 cents.
Wool Delaines from 40 to 70 cents
Alpacas from 35 to 70 cents.
1,000 yds. Delaines from 22 to 28 cents.
5,000 yds. Calicoes from 8 to 16 cents.

BLEACHED MUSLINS 1 YARD WIDE FROM 12½ TO 25 CENTS.

100 doz. Cotton Hosiery from 12½ to 20 cents.
50 doz. Ladies' Gloves from 10 to 40 cents.
200 Parasols and Sun Shades less than cost.
Buttons, Trimmings, Edgings, Collars, Silk Nets, Insertions, &c., will all be sold at a great loss.
100 doz. Linen Handkerchiefs from 12½ to 25 cents.
20 doz. Hoop Skirts will be sold at half price.
Cassimeres, all wool, from 70 cents to $1 50.
Jeans, Cottonades, &c., from 18 to 40 cents—only Auction Prices, cheaper than before the war.
Tickings from 20 to 40 cents.
Sheetings, Towelings, Table Cloths, &c., marked down 40 per cent.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF
QUEENS-WARE
AND
GLASS-WARE
in the County offered at New York prices. Teas from 20 to 60 cents. Full Tea Sets from $5 50 to $6 50.
A child can buy as cheap as the most experienced. Attention and civility to all are our mottoes.

DUPHORN & HOFFMAN,
N. W. Cor. of the Square.
July 24, 1867.—tf

WORTH KNOWING!
CHEAP DRY GOODS!
AT THE
NEW STORE
OF
WENTZ, OVERBAUGH & CO.,
ON
BROADWAY, HANOVER, PA.
In the Room formerly occupied by J. E. Cremer & Son.

HAVING just returned from the Eastern cities, where they have bought a large and well selected Stock of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS,

They are now prepared to offer to the public Goods of every description usually kept in a first-class Dry Goods Store, at

LOWER RATES

Than they have been since the war.

☞They invite all to call and examine their Stock before purchasing elsewhere.
☞Remember their Stock is entirely new, and bought since the last
GREAT DECLINE
IN PRICES
WENTZ, OVERBAUGH & CO.
May 29 1867.—tf

NEW SPRING GOODS.

J. L. SCHICK invites the attention of his friends and Customers to his large and well selected stock of
DRY GOODS
Comprised in part of
French Merenoes,
All Wool Poplins,
All Wool Delaines,
All Wool Plaids,
Plain Poplins,
Black and Fancy Silks,
Tamise Cloths,
Black and Colored Alpaccas,
Black Cloths an Cassimeres,
Fancy Cassimeres,
Casenets,
Jeans,
Flannels of all kinds,
Gloves and Stockings
Als o, a fine assortment of Ladies' FURS AND SHAWLS, as well as an abundant variety of Notions, all of which will be sold cheap for the cash
May 29, 1867. J. L. SCHICK.

GREAT REDUCTION
IN PRICES OF
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,
AT
J. C. ZOUCK & SON'S,
NEW OXFORD, PENN'A.

We have just returned from the City where we bought a very large and well selected stock of goods suitable in our line under the late decline. Our stock consists in part of Plain all Wool De Laines, Challie De Laines, Calicoes, Plaids, Bleached and unbleached Muslins, Cassimeres, Cottonades, Kentucky Jeans, Linens, A large lot of Ladies' Balmoral Gaiters, plain and tipped Morocco Shoes.

A complete assortment of Groceries at low rates, Hardware such as Tire Iron, Spring, Shear, Blister and Cast Steels, Horse Shoes, Horse Shoe Bar, Nail Rods, Hammered Iron, Nails, Spikes, Shovels, Spades and Forks, Door Locks, Pad Locks, Latches, Hinges, Screws, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Grindstones, Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c., China and Queensware by the set.

We invite the public to give us a call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere as we are determined to sell. Thankful for past patronage we hope to merit the same in the future.
J. C. ZOUCK & SON.
June 12, 1867.—3m

NEW SPRING GOODS.

A. SCOTT & SONS have just received another fine assortment of NEW GOODS, consisting, in part, of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassetts, Kentucky Jeans, and Tweeds, for Gentlemen's wear. Also, a fine assortment of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

Our stock has been selected with great care, and we are prepared to sell as cheap as any other establishment in the county. We ask the Public to give us a call and judge for themselves. We defy competition, both as to quality and price.
A. SCOTT & SONS.
May 29, 1867.—tf

FINE FANCY FURS.
CHAS. A. HERRICH,
497 *Broadway* & 37 *Maiden Lane, N. Y.*
IMPORTER, MANUFACTURER and SHIPPER OF
FURS.
Offers his large and well selected stock of fine Furs, in all styles, at lowest manufacturer's prices.
Highest price paid
SHIPPING FURS.
Send for circular. [Dec. 12, 1866.—1y

LADIES' wanting a good article of Perfumery, Fancy Soap, or Hair Dressing, can be supplied at
J. L. SCHICK'S.

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

HOW TO SAVE
MONEY!

When times are hard you'd like to know
How you can save your dollars;
The way to do it you will know
If you will read what follows:

A man obedient to the laws,
Who worked hard at his trade,
Could not supply his wants—because
It cost more than he made.

He met a friend: Says he, "I guess
I look thread-bare and rough;
I'd like to buy my wife a dress
But can't save up enough."

His friend replied, "It won't cost much
To buy your wife's dry goods
If you will go to the cheap store—
The store of Row & Woods."

He took what little he could save
To Row & Woods' store,
And bought his wife a handsome dress
For half one cost before.

With other goods, and Hats and Shoes.
Himself he there supplied
And still has money left to use
And some to lay aside.

P. S.—See annexed List of Prices. Other goods at like reduced rates.

Muslins from 10 to 22 cents.
Calicoes from 8 to 18 cents.
French Lawns from 18 to 30 cents.
Mozambiques from 25 to 28 cents.
Alpacas from 30 to 70 cents.
Delaines from 20 to 25 cents.
Hoisery, Gloves and trimmings, cheap as ever.
A full assortment of
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HATS & SHOES,
AT REDUCED PRICES AT
ROW & WOODS.
July 24, 1867.

CALL AT THE
NEW STORE!
OPPOSITE THE COURT-HOUSE,
Gettysburg, Penn'a.

NEW GOODS
AND LOW PRICES!

The undersigned have opened a new Dry Goods Store, in Kendlehart's building, directly opposite the Court-house, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, and start with a splendid stock, embracing everything to be found in a first-class establishment. Bought for cash, and at the latest decline, we can offer bargains that must astonish every one. Come and see for yourselves, and you will find what we here say verified. With good Goods, small profits, and fair and square dealing, we hall endeavor to deserve, what we most respectfully ask, a liberal share of public patronage.

We offer a fine assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, Jeans, Cottonades, Vestings, Gloves, Suspenders, Neck Ties, and everything else in the Gentlemen's line.

For the Ladies we have SILKS, ALPACAS, POPLINS, Berege, Lawns, Delaines, Ginghams, Calicoes, Gloves, Parasols, Hoop Skirts, Corsets, Hosiery, White Goods, with whatever else may be called for.

Also, a large stock of MUSLINS, Sheetings, Tickings, CARPETING, QUEENS-WARE, Umbrellas, Window Shades, &c., &c.

Call at the New Store, opposite the Court-house, and examine the stock, before purchasing elsewhere.
May 29, 1867. ESBERT & ELLIOTT.

NEW GOODS
AT
REDUCED PRICES,
ELEGANT CALICOES
At 12 1-2 Cents,
GOOD MUSLINS
At 12 1-2 Cents.
ALL KINDS OF GOODS AT PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.
Call at once and buy some of the cheap Goods now opening
AT FAHNESTOCKS.
May 29, 1867.

LOOK TO
YOUR INTERESTS!

AT the south end of Main street, Fairfield, Adams county, Pa., can be found an assortment of
NEW GOODS
at reduced prices,
LADIES' DRESS GOODS
of all kinds; Calicoes at 10 per yard, Muslins 12½ cents per yard;
GENTLEMEN'S WEAR
proportionately cheap.
ALSO CHEAP GROCERIES.
Sugar at 10 cents per pound, and other things in proportion. Determined not to be undersold, and considering it a pleasure to show goods, we extend an invitation to all. Come and see our stock, as we believe it will be to your interest to call before purchasing elsewhere.
May 29, 1866.—3m DANNER & SHIELDS.

Carpenters and Contractors.

WM. C. STALLSMITH,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
CARPENTER & CONTRACTOR,
Keeps constantly on hand and manufactures to order,
DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS, SASH, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, CORNICE, DOOR AND WINDOW BRACKETS,
And any other Article in the Building Line.
Seasoned material constantly on hand, experienced workmen always in readiness, and work executed with dispatch.
☞Orders promptly attended to.
June 5, 1867.—tf

G. O. CASHMAN. H. H. ROWE.
CARPENTERING.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that they have commenced the Carpenting in the Shop formerly occupied by George Schryock, deceased. We are prepared to do any work in our line of business and as reasonable as any other establishment in Gettysburg.

We hope by a strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.
May 29, 1867.—tf CASHMAN & ROWE.

TO THE BUILDING COMMUNITY.
AND ALL OTHERS
WHO WISH TO IMPROVE.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he still continues the
CARPENTERING BUSINESS
at his old stand, on West street, Gettysburg, and is ready at all times to accommodate those wanting anything done in his line. He is prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best material, and as neatly and cheaply as it can be done at any other establishment in the county. Superintends Master Builder's Specifications and work executed with promptness and dispatch.

Agent for the sale of Patent Rights, by which he is enabled to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
May 29, 1867. WM. CHRISTMAN.

Miscellaneous.

THE
WASHINGTON LIBRARY CO.,
PHILADELPHIA,
Is Chartered by the State of Pennsylvania, and Organized in aid of the
RIVERSIDE INSTITUTE
FOR EDUCATING GRATUITOUSLY
SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' ORPHANS,
Incorporated by the State of New Jersey,
APRIL 8th, 1867.

SUBSCRIPTION ONE DOLLAR

THE WASHINGTON LIBRARY COMPANY,
BY VIRTUE OF THEIR CHARTER,
and in
ACCORDANCE WITH ITS PROVISIONS,
will distribute
THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS
IN PRESENTS
TO THE SHAREHOLDERS,
ON WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25TH, 1867,
AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.,
Or at the Institute, Riverside, N. J.

ONE PRESENT WORTH $40,000.
ONE PRESENT WORTH $20,000.
ONE PRESENT WORTH $10,000.
ONE PRESENT WORTH $5,000.
TWO PRESENTS WORTH $2,500 EACH.

And many other large presents, the whole amounting to
$300,000.

For full schedule of Presents, see circulars, sent free on application. Each Certificate of Stock is accompanied with a
BEAUTIFUL STEEL-PLATE ENGRAVING,
WORTH MORE AT RETAIL THAN THE COST OF CERTIFICATE.
And also insures to the holder a
PRESENT IN THE GREAT DISTRIBUTION.

SUBSCRIPTION ONE DOLLAR.

Any person sending us ONE DOLLAR, or paying the same to our local Agents, will receive immediately a fine Steel Plate Engraving, at choice from the following list, and One Certificate of Stock, insuring One Present in the GREAT DISTRIBUTION.

ONE DOLLAR ENGRAVINGS.

No. 1.—"My Child! My Child!" No. 2.—"They're Saved! They're Saved!" No. 3.—"Old Seventy-six; or, the Early Days of the Revolution."

Any person paying TWO DOLLARS will receive either of the following fine Steel Plates, at choice, and Two Certificates of Stock, thus becoming entitled to Two Presents.

TWO DOLLAR ENGRAVINGS.

No. 1.—"Washington's Courtship." No. 2.—"Washington's Last Interview with his Mother."

THREE DOLLAR ENGRAVINGS.

Any person paying THREE DOLLARS will receive the beautiful Steel Plate of
"HOME FROM THE WAR,"
and Three Certificates of Stock, becoming entitled to Three Presents.

FOUR DOLLAR ENGRAVINGS.

Any person paying FOUR DOLLARS shall receive the large and beautiful Steel Plate of
"THE PERILS OF OUR FOREFATHERS,"
and Four Certificates of Stock, entitling them to Four Presents.

FIVE DOLLAR ENGRAVINGS.

Any person who pays FIVE DOLLARS shall receive the large and splendid Steel Plate of
"THE MARRIAGE OF POCAHONTAS,"
and Five Certificates of Stock, entitling them to Five Presents.

The Engravings and Certificates will be delivered to each subscriber at our Local Agencies, or sent by mail, post paid, or express, as may be ordered.

HOW TO OBTAIN SHARES AND ENGRAVINGS.

Send orders to us by mail, enclosing from $1 to $20, either by Post Office order or in a registered letter, at our risk. Larger amounts should be sent by draft or express.

10 shares with Engravings	$0 50
25 shares with Engravings	2 00
50 shares with Engravings	4 00
75 shares with Engravings	6 00
100 shares with Engravings	8 00

Local AGENTS WANTED throughout the United States.

THE RIVERSIDE INSTITUTE,

Situate at Riverside, Burlington County, New Jersey, is founded for the purpose of gratuitously educating the sons of deceased Soldiers and Seamen of the United States.

The Board of Trustees consists of the following well-known citizens of Pennsylvania and New Jersey:—

HON. WILLIAM B. MANN,
District Attorney, Philadelphia, Pa.
HON. LEWIS R. BROOMALL,
Ex-Chief Coiner U. S. Mint, and Recorder of Deeds, Philadelphia, Pa.
HON. JAMES M. SCOVEL, New Jersey.
HON. W. W. WARE, New Jersey.
HENRY GORMAN, Esq.,
Agent Adams' Express, Philadelphia, Pa.
J. E. COE, Esq.,
Of Joy, Coe & Co., Philadelphia.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., April 18, 1867.—Office of Internal Revenue:—Having received satisfactory evidence that the proceeds of the enterprise conducted by the Washington Library Company will be devoted to charitable uses, permission is hereby granted to said Company to conduct such enterprise exempt from license charge, whether from special tax or other duty.
E. A. ROLLINS, Commissioner.

The Association have appointed as Receivers, Messrs. GEORGE A. COOKE & CO., 33 South Third Street, Philadelphia, whose well-known integrity and business experience will be a sufficient guarantee that the money intrusted to them will be promptly applied to the purposes stated.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., May 20, 1867.

To the Officers and Members of the Washington Library Co., N. S. READ, Secretary.

GENTLEMEN:—On receipt of your favor of the 15th inst., notifying us of our appointment as Receivers for your Company, we took the liberty to submit a copy of your Charter, with a plan of your enterprise to eminent legal authority, and having received his favorable opinion in regard to its legality, and sympathizing with the benevolent object of your Association, viz: the education and maintenance of the orphan children of our soldiers and sailors of the Riverside Institute, we have concluded to accept the trust, and to use our best efforts to promote so worthy an object.

Respectfully, yours, &c.,
GEO. A. COOKE & CO.,
Address all letters and orders to
GEO. A. COOKE & CO., BANKERS,
33 South Third Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
Receivers for the Washington Library Co.
JOHN R. TURNER, Gettysburg.
Aug. 7.—3m.

JUST PUBLISHED,
NEW WORK ON SINGING.
BASSINI'S
Twenty Melodic Exercises,
IN FORM OF
SOLFEGGIOS FOR SOPRANO OR MEZZO SOPRANO VOICES,
INTENDED AS
Studies to acquire the Art of Singing.

"These exercises were composed to be used simultaneously with his system, "THE ART OF STRENGTH," or with any other method for the cultivation of the voice, and will take the place of CONCONE'S SOLFEGGIOS; being more melodious and better adapted for teaching.

"Some of these exercises are specially beautiful as well as useful, a mingling of the Gems of both; which secures the interest as well as the improvement of the student. The various styles developed in these exercises render them invaluable in an educational point of view, as they tend to enlarge the intelligence and the appreciation, and at the same time form the taste of the pupil. They must be studied carefully with reference to the innumerable kinds of expression and forms of ornamentation. Upon the minute accuracy with which these are accomplished depends the mental meeting of the pupil; any evasion or stinting in these respects is time and effort utterly wasted, while, on the other hand, a closeness to these investigations, and a studiously faithful execution of them, will give unexpected power and facility, and open to the student the means and resources by which great artists produce their most brilliant and profound effects.—Wehner's Art Journal.

IN TWO VOLUMES.

Price, each, in Boards, Retail..... $2 00
do do in Cloth, Retail..... 2 50
A Sample Copy sent by Mail, post-paid, on receipt of
Wholesale Price, $1.60.

Published by WM. HALL & SON,
No. 543 Broadway, New York.

Publishers and dealers in Music and Musical Merchandise.
FLUSHING, NEW YORK, &c., &c., &c.
☞Send for catalogue of prices.
July 1, 1867.—6m.

The Star and Sentinel.

THE TRACHEA.

When Summer flowers begin to fade,
And Summer leaves begin to fall,
One here, one there; in juicy strength,
The peaches redden on the wall.
And so, indeed, hot youth being past,
Our lives should show their fruit fall fast.

The peaches redden on the wall,
Hiding in hollow cells of green,
Where plated leaves hang thick about,
And scarce permit them to be seen.
And so, in truth, good deeds should be,
Concealed in sweet humility.

The peaches redden on the wall,
Close set upon low branching trees;
And any hand may easy touch
The gifts the eye thus easy sees.
And so with us 'tis well for each
To keep within the other's reach.

The peaches redden on the wall;
They take the kisses of the sun,
The joy-tears of the flying cloud,
The darkness when the day is done.
And thus, well used, the changing hour
Will help us to a larger power.

The peaches redden on the wall,
To drop when chilly winds shall blow;
But careful hands are swift to stay
Their fragrant lives from ending so.
And surely thus a Hand will save
This good from falling in the grave.

The peaches redden on the wall—
But look up higher overhead,
Where all the vastness of the sky
With faintest, calmest blue is spread.
And what is that from where we stand
But blue mist hiding Fatherland?

The peaches redden on the wall,
Though night's dark curtain drips with dew;
The white stars show themselves, and shine
Through mounded cloud and hovering blue.
And oh, to feel "past fruit and tree,
The Lights of home shine forth for me!"

[From the Little Corporal.

COUNSEL TO BOYS.

BY HORACE GREELEY.

I once startled a young man, without at all intending it. He had written to ask my advice as to the propriety of studying the law; and I asked him, in return, "Do you think our country is in present need of any more lawyers?" I have forgotten the terms of his response; but it clearly implied that I had asked a very strange if not an irrelevant question. I think he regarded my query as a sarcasm; yet I was never more sober and earnest.

It is doubtless desirable that there should be good lawyers—honest, capable, judicious—and such lawyers may achieve honor and wealth as worthily and usefully as tho' they grew corn or shod horses; and yet, the demand for good lawyers is one easily satisfied, and likely to be still further restricted as the mass of men become wiser, more intelligent, and upright. If every one should become a lawyer, no matter how good, the human race would be in peril of starving to death.

Our current system of higher education tends directly to overcrowd the three pursuits which are popularly designated "*the* professions."—A boy who has mastered the quantum of mathematics, with the "little Latin and less Greek," which secure him a college diploma, generally feels that his learning (?) would be wasted on a farm or in any mechanical or manufacturing pursuit—that he might as well have saved his time and money, unless he shall aspire to become a Doctor of Law, Physic, or Divinity. Hence, "the professions" are enormously overcrowded, and their votaries too often unemployed or underpaid. There are New England townships of no more than four hundred families, few or none of them wealthy, which have six to eight distinct religious societies, each of them requiring its separate house of worship and clergyman. And the newest village of twenty to forty cabins, on the western verge of civilization bears concurrent testimony, in the plethora of its lawyers and doctors, to the overcrowding, throughout our country, of "the professions." We are not a learned nor yet a cultivated community; yet the proportion of our entire population which is diverted from productive industry to the so called intellectual vocations, is exceeded in Italy alone.

We cannot all be farmers; nor is it desirable that we should be. There is a more urgent need in our country of "captains of industry" in other departments, especially those of manufacturing and mining. If there were to-day one hundred thousand young men in the Union thoroughly qualified to direct operations in these departments—to convert wool, cotton, flax, etc., into serviceable fabrics at the smallest cost of labor, and to detect, trace, value, open and work mineral veins and others deposits with the accuracy of Science and the prescience of Genius, there would very soon be room and work for all. While, therefore, I judge the farmer's life, on the whole, preferable to any other, as affording the surest promise of competence, comfort, and freedom from torturing anxiety, I do not urge nor wish all my readers to become farmers. An engineer who locates and levels a railroad so as to save ten thousand days' work in constructing it, is just as truly a working man, and essentially a producer of wealth; as though he wielded a spade or followed the plow. For the narrow vision which recognizes workers only in those who live by muscular effort, I have a pity which is allied to contempt.

But I say this, emphatically, to every youth who values his own peace of mind and perfect self-respect, "*Choose some pursuit wherein your livelihood will in no considerable degree be dependent on other men's good opinions.*" Other things being equal, this is of the highest moment. You may say that a great soul, strong in its conscious rectitude of purpose, should be unaffected by the ebb and flow of popularity; but can you fancy that the pastor, abruptly dismissed by the society he has given the best twenty years of his life to build up—dismissed, very probably, because of his resistance to some gust of popular passion, some ostentatious display of popular vice, which it was his simple duty to withstand—does not feel the injustice, the ingratitude? He would be more than human *not* to feel it, even though compassion should, after the first flush, be stronger than indignation. I exhort you, young friends, as the corner-stone of a life of manly, useful endeavor, to choose some pursuit wherein your success will in the smallest degree be dependent on popular approbation. Secure your livelihood by this—since no one has yet refused to buy a farmer's wheat or beans, in order to reprobate his religious or political principles—and then give such time or means as you can spare to the instruction and edification of your fellows.

☞An exchange says a countryman, giving his evidence in court, was asked by the counsel if he was born in wedlock.
"No, sir," he replied, "I was born in Schoolcounty."

SILENT SORROW.

Speak not a word to break the spell
That binds a heart in silent sorrow.
No one can know of grief so well
As he who hears a funeral knell
And thinks of many a lonely morrow.

No one can share the weight of grief
That bows the form of all who bear it,
No sigh or tears can give relief,
No smiles bring joy, however brief,
Or linger on the lips that wear it.

No comfort can a friend impart
In words, however kindly spoken;
No hands can dry the tears that start
From the chilled fountains of the heart,
When once the crystal bowl is broken.

But from each calmer, holier thought
Can we alone our comfort borrow,
We find it soonest when untaught;
Joy comes to us again unsought,
And we forget our silent sorrow.

THE CHAMELEON AND PORCUPINE.
A FABLE.

A chameleon once met a porcupine, and complained that he had taken great pains to make friends with everybody, but, strange to say, he had entirely failed, and could not now be sure that he had a friend in the world.

"And by what means," said the porcupine, "have you sought to make friends?"

"By flattery," said the chameleon. "I have adapted myself to all I met; humored the follies and foibles of every one. In order to make people believe that I like them I have imitated their manners, as if I considered them models of perfection. So far have I gone in this that if has become a habit with me, and now my very skin takes the hue and complexion of the thing that happens to be nearest.—Yet all this has been in vain, for everybody calls me a turn-coat, and I am generally considered selfish, hypocritical, and base."

"And no doubt you deserve all this," said the porcupine. "I have taken a different course, but I must confess that I have as few friends as you. I adopted the rule to resent every injury, nay, every encroachment upon my dignity. I would allow no one even to touch me without sticking into him one or more of my sharp quills. I determined to take care of number one; and the result has been, that while I have vindicated my rights, I have created a universal dislike. I am called old Touch-me-not, and if I am not as much despised, I am even more disliked than you, Sir Chameleon."

☞A FACT NOT GENERALLY KNOWN.—The origin of the portrait for the Goddess of Liberty upon our coins is of great interest. Mr. Spencer, the inventor of Spencer's lathe, used by the American Bank Note Company, was the artist who cut the first die for our American coin. He cut an exact medallion of Mrs. Washington, the wife of General Washington, and the first few coins were struck with her portrait. When General Washington saw them he was displeased, and requested the figure to be removed. Mr. Spencer altered the features a little, and putting a cap upon its head, called it the Goddess of Liberty. If future artists will bear this in mind, they will always take Mrs. Washington's portrait for their guide when wishing to produce the goddess.

USELESS MONEY.—A witticism by a distinguished member of the bar, Sergeant B., is going the rounds of the London clubs. Sergeant B. and Sergeant M. met in the robing-room of Westminster, when the latter bitterly complained of the amount of work which he was saddled with, declaring that it was killing him. "Why, then," said B., "do you work so hard? Give up some of your practice—you have made a lot of money, you know?" "Yes," replied M., "but I have got into a groove and cannot get out of it." "A groove!" retorted B.; "yes a groove of love of money. But, remember, M., you cannot take your money with you when you die, and if you could, in your case, it would be useless, for it would be melted in a minute or two."

☞Old Gov. Stuyvesant, some years after the British took possession of New York, appeared before the Governor, (Carteret,) with a complaint that he was annoyed by men and boys bathing in front of his house in a nude state. Gov. Carteret assured him it should be stopped; but happening to recollect, said: "Why, Governor, your house is at some distance from the river, how can it incommode the ladies of your family?" "Vy, you see," said old Peter, shaking his cane, "mine gals have got a spy-glass."

"THE DEVIL TO PAY."—This phrase doubtless originated in a printing-office, on some Saturday night's settlement of wages.

"John," says the publisher to the book-keeper, "how stands the cash account?"

"Small balance on hand, sir."

"Let's see," rejoined the publisher, "how far that will go towards satisfying the hands."

John begins to figure arithmetically; so much due to Potkins, so much to Typus, so much to Grubble, and so on, through a dozen ditto's. The publisher stands aghast.

"Here is not money enough, by a jugful."

"No, sir; and, besides, there is *the devil to pay.*"

DRAWING AN INFERENCE.—An English clergyman remarked to a servant who had been a long time in his service—"John, you have been a long time with me; I dare say you are able to preach a sermon as well as I." "Oh, no, sir," said John; but many an inference have I drawn from yours." "Well," said the clergyman, "I will give you a text out of Job; let me hear what inference you will make from it; "And the asses snuffed up the east wind." "Well," replied John, "the only inference that I can draw is this, that it would be a long while before they would grow fat upon it."

GOING AHEAD.—An Englishman and a Yankee were disputing, when the former sneeringly remarked—

"Fortunately the Americans can go no farther than the Pacific shore."

The Yankee scratched his prolific brain for an instant, and thus replied—

"Why, good gracious! They are already levelling the Rocky Mountains and carting the dirt out West. I had a letter last week from my cousin, who is living two hundred miles west of the Pacific shore, on made land!"

☞A witness, in a case of assault, was asked by the junior counsel:

"How far were you, sir, from the parties when the alleged assault took place?"

"Four feet five inches and a half," was the prompt reply.

"Ah," fiercely demanded the lawyer, "how came you to be so exact as all that?"

"Because," said the witness, very coolly, "I expected some confounded fool would ask me, and I went and measured it."

☞A surgeon, who was bald, was on a visit to a friend's house, whose servant wore a wig. After bantering him a considerable time, the doctor said: "You see how bald I am, and yet I don't wear a wig." "True, sir, replied the servant; "but as empty barn requires no thatch."

The Farmer and Housekeeper.

CANNING CORN.

Canning corn, says a writer in the *Practical Farmer*, is a feat easily enough performed. Anybody that can boil a potato may can corn. But to can corn to keep well is an accomplishment that none of our popular professional canners of fruits and vegetables have quite reached yet, but by boiling the corn five to six hours (absolutely to death), so that the best canned maize we can find has as much the character of good green corn as it has of a handful of dried pea pods—not much more so.

I worked faithfully, and always unsatisfactorily, at corn canning, through four seasons before coming to a result that in the least satisfied me. But at length I stumbled in the dark upon a plan by which I have been enabled to can corn successfully with one hour's boiling, and bring it out after one year I *know*—ten, I believe, with very near all the flavor of fresh gathered green corn.

First, boil the corn previously fifteen minutes, on the ear. This hardens the outside of the grains so that they are readily shelled.—Then the grain is dried in pans for an hour in the warm sunshine. Next move is to salt it just so much as will season it for the table, fill tin cans with it, leaving a half inch of space

The Star & Sentinel.

Wednesday, August 28, 1867.

For Judge of the Supreme Court,
HON. HENRY W. WILLIAMS,
OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

THE Republicans of Adams county, and all who have been acting with them in their efforts to put down the Rebellion, and who in weal and woe have rallied around the flag—all who desire to unite with them in sustaining Congress in its patriotic efforts to reconstruct the Union on a sound basis, and in opposing the dangerous policy of a treacherous Executive—are requested to assemble at their usual places of holding Delegate Elections, on SATURDAY, AUGUST 31, 1867, to select two Delegates from each District to represent them in County Convention, to be held in the Court-house, in Gettysburg, on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1867, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to nominate a County Ticket to be supported at the October Election, and to transact such other business as may come before the Convention.

☞The time for holding the Delegate Elections in all the Districts will be between the hours of 4 and 7 o'clock, P. M., except in the Boroughs of Gettysburg, Littlestown and Berwick, and Huntington township, where they will be held between the hours of 7 and 9 o'clock, P. M.

By order of the County Committee,
EDWARD McPHERSON, *Ch'n.*
CHARLES HORNER, *Sec'y.*

MARYLAND MATTERS.

The new Constitution agreed upon by the late Convention, is to be submitted to popular vote on the 18th of September. If ratified, it will go into effect October 3d. We observe that its opponents are preparing to make a canvass against it in Frederick and other counties. It is framed in the interest of the rebellio and sweeps out every vestige of loyal in the present Constitution.

It abolishes the present school syster turns out all the judges and county of cers, establishes the old judicial syste of the State, gives the old slaveholdi counties an inequitably large represer ation in the Legislature, and gives t Governor the Veto Power to prevent t possibility of any hostile legislation case of popular re-action. Carroll cour is to lose one of its members, while Anne Arundel, Calvert, Charles, Dorchester, Montgomery, Prince Georges, and St. Marys each gain one over the present representation. The test of loyalty is no longer to be applied to voters. Colored persons are allowed to be witnesses in Courts, subject to the right of the Legislature to deny the privilege at any time! All the State officers, except Governor SWANN, and the officers of the City of Baltimore, are to be turned out, and a general revolution effected.

The Convention, to show how truly *Democratic* it was, struck out of the existing Declaration of Rights its first article, which was substantially re-produced from the Declaration of Independence:

"That we hold it to be self-evident that all men are created equally free; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty, the enjoyment of the proceeds of their own labor, and the pursuit of happiness."

The third article they have changed so as to read as follows:

"That the people of this State have the sole and exclusive right of regulating the internal government and police thereof, *as a free, sovereign, and independent State.*"

The insertion of the words in *italics*, shows a purpose to be ready for another revolution when the time may come.

The fifth article of the present declaration of Rights asserts that *"every citizen of this State owes paramount allegiance to the Constitution and Government of the United States, and is not bound by any law or ordinance of this State in contravention or subversion thereof."*

This was inserted in 1864, to meet and destroy the plea of the Secessionists early in the War, that citizens owed their primary allegiance to their State. The late Convention, of course, expunged those words, as they are nearly all Secessionists.

They also put into their Constitution this declaration:

"Slavery shall not be re-established in this State, but, having been abolished under the policy and authority of the United States, compensation, in consideration thereof, is due from the United States."

This article is worthy of remark for its falsehood and impudence.

Slavery in Maryland was abolished by the adoption of the Constitution of 1864, and was the act of the majority of the qualified voters of that State. It was accomplished more than a year before the final adoption of the anti-slavery Amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which was declared ratified December 18, 1865. Where then is the basis for a claim upon the United States?

But if it were otherwise, and if Maryland slaveholders stood, in this respect, as the late slaveholders of Kentucky and Delaware, they would have no claim for compensation, as the Sovereignty of the people had the unquestioned legal and moral right to destroy a claim of service which had no basis in natural equity, no sanction in United States law, and was necessarily held in subordination to the general will of the people of the United States.

There are many persons who take the other view. And this Convention has provided that *"the Legislature shall pass such laws as may be necessary for the distribution of such aid as may be received from the United States for that purpose."*

We have no doubt that were the slaveholding class in the Southern States to become the governing power there and in Congress, as they were before the war, and as the Democratic policy contemplates they shall be after the war, this claim would not only be made, but would be made successfully; and that hundreds of millions of public money would be transferred to the pockets of the Rebels who made the war and those who sympathized with them. And we are confident that nothing can defeat this scheme, or rescue the people from this danger, but the maintenance of the Republican plan of Reconstruction, by which all such projects are rendered forever impossible.

The Secessionists of Maryland have driven deep their stakes. But if Congress should not pull them up, it will fail to perform a duty which gratitude imposes, and justice sanctifies.

If you want the "green-back" currency "wiped out," vote for SHARSWOOD.

THE DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

We give in our local columns a full report of the proceedings of this body, that our readers may see who composed the Convention, and what its action.

We can speak but briefly of it to-day. The defeat of JAMES H. MARSHALL, Esq., for Jury Commissioner, must cause regret to fair men everywhere; yet it was evident, from the moment his name was mentioned, that he would meet a prompt resistance. Mr. KUHN, being a delegate, had an advantage, which he finally used with effect.

The interest centered in the Treasurership; and to the general surprise Mr. WATTLES obtained the nomination.—He is decidedly out of favor with the "borough ring," to whom his nomination is most offensive; but he deserves credit for the determined spirit with which he met his enemies. One of the charges against him was that two years ago he bolted the nomination of the present Treasurer, Mr. SHEADS; but the Convention appeared to think bolting a very light thing. The talk of "bolting" him is quite common, as might be supposed from the feeling shown against him.

JACOB LOTT'S nomination as Commissioner was made in haste, and will be repented of at leisure.

On the whole, the Ticket is not a fortunate one. We call upon our friends to take advantage of the facts, nominate a good ticket, for which all can heartily work; and let us carry the county.

GENERAL GRANT, in complying with the President's order to transfer General SHERIDAN from New Orleans to St. Louis, and put General THOMAS at New Orleans, gave him this Order:

Fifth. Major General G. H. THOMAS will continue to execute all orders he may find in force in the Fifth Military District at the time of his assuming command of it, unless authorized by the General of the army to annul or modify them.

This Order effectually checks any attempt to restore the officers removed by SHERIDAN, or revive the acts and judg-

...1. Registration
...continue as un-
...MAS is a Repub-
...ish to interfere,
...esent if THOM-

...ented his spite"
...is all his order
...said he will next
...18. SICKLES and
...oo earnest in en-
...his purposes or

...e allusion to his feelings.

IN many of the Southern States, the rebel whites have refused to register, and thereby have disfranchised themselves, as no one can vote who is not registered. The result will be that in some States, and in some parts of other States, the colored voters will outnumber the white.

The number of persons excluded by law from registration is very small, compared with the whole number. But a rebellious spirit is disfranchising large numbers. Upon themselves, will rest the responsibility of what may result.

One thing is pretty certain. The Southern States, when restored, will be restored upon a *loyal* basis, and the leaders of the rebellion will be in "back seats."

GENEBAL JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE has authorized the statement that he agrees with PERRY and HILL of the Southern States, and with all the Northern Democracy in their estimate of the legislation of Congress, and the general situation of affairs.

TOOMBS, BRECKINRIDGE, and that crowd, think the "lost cause" is worth fighting for, to retrieve by legislation what was surrendered in arms; but there is one lion in the path. The people can't be wheedled into complicity with any of their projects of fraud.

AT the recent election in the Territory of Colorado, the Republicans have secured a majority in both branches of the Legislature. This is unexpectedly gratifying, and proves that the party have survived the divisions consequent upon the agitation of the admission of the Territory as a State.

GEN. SHERIDAN'S last official act in New Orleans, was the removal of the Rebel General HARRY HAYES, Sheriff of New Orleans. HAYES figured at Gettysburg in 1863, and is remembered for his ferocious brutality at the time of the New Orleans massacre in July of last year.

THE Democratic papers are perfectly *dumb* on SHARSWOOD'S record in favor of the right of Secession, and of Nullification. They can't deny the facts, and they are afraid to justify him. A cowardly party! and a South Carolina candidate!!

DEMOCRATS say we have no *Constitutional* right to govern the Rebel States as a conquered country. Do they think that those Rebel States had a *Constitutional* right to secede and try to become an independent country?

IF you believed in the right of the Government to put down the Rebellion, vote against SHARSWOOD, who denied the right, and did all he could to cripple the Government in exercising it.

IF you want the Public Faith dishonored and the Public Debt scaled, vote the ticket of the Democratic party, many of whose leaders are openly for this form of Repudiation.

IF you want to carry joy to the hearts of the malignant Rebels of the South, vote for SHARSWOOD, whose cause is theirs, and whose principles are stolen from them.

IF you favor Free-Trade, and the degradation of Labor, vote for SHARSWOOD, who has all his life been against American interests.

IF you want to vote in favor of Nullification, and of Secession, vote for SHARSWOOD, who has endorsed both.

IF you want to be taxed to pay for the Slaves emancipated by the War, vote the Democratic ticket.

IF you want to break down the whole financial system of the country, vote for SHARSWOOD, who has decided to be unconstitutional.

IF you want to restore the leaders of the Rebellion to power, vote the Democratic ticket.

JUDGE SHARSWOOD ON LEGAL TENDER DEBT.

Extract from His Opinion in the Cases of Merle vs. Train, and Marvine vs. Sailor.

"On the whole, then, I am of opinion that the provision of the act of Congress of February 25th, 1862, declaring the notes issued in pursuance of that act to be lawful money, *and a legal tender*, IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

"This renders it unnecessary that I should consider the other question which has been made, as to the effect of the special agreement to pay in lawful silver money of the United States. I am in favor of entering judgment for the plaintiff, but as a majority of the court are of a different opinion, judgment for the defendant."—*Copied from the Philadelphia Age of 23d of February*, 1864, where the opinion is published in full. It may also be found in the *Legal Intelligencer* of March 18, 1864, page 92.

In Judge SHARSWOOD'S dissenting Opinion in the case of MARVINE *vs.* SAILOR (published in the *Legal Intelligencer* of May 6, 1864), he went further, and denied the right of Congress *to issue* Treasury Notes, much less make them a "legal tender" in the payment of debts.—His language is:

"I am of opinion that Congress had no Constitutional power to invest the Secretary of the Treasury with authority to issue bills of credit intended to circulate as money—much less to make them a lawful tender."

The Philadelphia *Age* of 23d February, 1864, publishing the Opinion in BOBIE *vs.* TROTT, highly eulogizes the Judge, saying:

"Judge SHARSWOOD reasons upon and decides the case as if he were some lofty spirit sitting far above and out of the contentions and strifes of the world."

Will not the holders of greenbacks and Government bonds consider the Judge as quite too elevated and ethereal for such earthly honors as a seat on the Supreme Bench?

THE Bedford *Inquirer* makes this interesting statement:

"Two years ago at the Bedford Springs, Hon. ROBERT C. GRIER of the U. S. Supreme Court, said of EDWIN M. STANTON that the country owed him an immense debt of gratitude; that through him more than through any one man the great rebellion met its doom; that STANTON'S self-poise, and self-reliance were wonderful; that in the fall of 1860 or early in 1861 when Floyd and Cobb and Thompson were in Buchanan's Cabinet, and, traitors at heart, were controlling and shaping events in aid of secession, and Buchanan lacked nerve to turn them out of office, and the other members of the Cabinet were afraid to say to him, You must turn them out or we will go out, Mr. STANTON, then practicing law at Washington City, and having a very lucrative practice, with not less than $25,000 a year, at the solicitation of Judge NELSON and Judge GRIER and others, gave up business and went with the Cabinet for the purpose of "belling the cat," that is, of saying to Mr. Buchanan, You must turn those men out of your Cabinet, or we, the rest of your Cabinet, will resign; and that through the instrumentality of Mr. STANTON those traitors were ousted from Mr. Buchanan's Cabinet. We give the remarks of the Judge from memory, but are sure we have the ideas and to a great extent the language."

THE nomination of Mr. WATTLES for County Treasurer, by the Democratic Convention, has excited not only surprise, but much restiveness and dissatisfaction. The nomination was effected despite the bitter protests of the delegates from the Borough, and much curiosity is evinced to find the motive which induced the Convention to make it. Some say "clock or no clock" did the business; others insist that the Convention was afraid of another "bolt"; still others alleging more weighty reasons—Mr. W. being reputed to have at command a larger amount of spare funds than either of his rivals. We leave the Democracy to settle the question for themselves.

THE Michigan Constitutional Convention have struck out all provisions relating to Indian Suffrage, and to Female Suffrage. The adoption of these propositions in Committee of the Whole turns out to have been a joke. In Kansas, a proposition for Female Suffrage is pending before the people, with a prospect of adoption. The Michigan Convention has absolutely adopted universal male suffrage, and has provided for submitting to a separate vote of the people a clause to prohibit the sale of liquor in the State.

THE *Northern* Democracy were very unhappy some weeks ago, over the number of indigent colored persons to whom the Freedmen's Bureau were issuing rations. This has been stopped, and the support of this class thrown upon the communities in which they reside.—Whereupon, the *Southern* Democracy are uttering piteous cries over the heavy drain thereby made upon their charity.

THE nomination of HENRY J. KUHN over JAMES H. MARSHALL, for Jury Commissioner, by the Democratic County Convention, shows that the Democratic leaders are determined to cling to partisan juries. Mr. K. is a bitter partisan—was President of the Board of Return Judges which excluded the Soldiers' votes—and will do his full share towards keeping up the evils the new Jury law was designed to correct.

TELEGRAMS from Washington state that the continued sickness of General THOMAS has forced the President to suspend temporarily his determination to displace General SHERIDAN. The order directing General THOMAS to take command of the Department has been suspended. It is rumored that Gen. HANCOCK will be selected for the position.

WASHINGTON correspondents report that the recent acts of the President are greatly strengthening the pressure for impeachment, and that Republican Congressmen who have heretofore opposed the movement now admit that it affords the only remedy left to insure reconstruction.

OUR neighbor of the *Compiler* has enlarged his paper to an eight-column, and has improved it with new type and new press, upon which we congratulate him. We do not see that his principles have shared in the renovation.

IF you would vote so as to discourage disloyalty, and to promote the interests of all parts of our common country, vote for HENRY W. WILLIAMS, a true patriot, and an able judge.

If you want early and loyal Reconstruction, vote for the Republican candidates.

THE DISLOYAL OF SOUTHERN GEORGIA.

The loyal men of Georgia have formed an association in Atlanta, for the erection of a monument to ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

The Augusta (Geo.) *Chronicle and Sentinel*, a Democratic paper, which is lying before us as we write, recommends that the monument be made of the bones and cemented by the blood of "the brave and patriotic Southerners who fell by the bullets of Lincoln's hirelings while fighting for their country's rights." It also recommends an inscription in this form:

FORMED OF THE BONES
AND
CEMENTED BY THE BLOOD
OF THE
GLORIOUS PATRIOTS
Who fell by hireling bullets while fighting for their country's cause,
THIS MONUMENT
IS ERECTED
TO THE MEMORY
OF
ABRAHAM LINCOLN
BY
ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND
WIDOWS AND ORPHANS
WHO
RECOGNIZED IN HIM
THE BLOODY MURDERER
OF THEIR
HUSBANDS AND FATHERS
AND THE
FANATICAL DESTROYER
OF
FREE GOVERNMENT IN AMERICA.

Comment upon so fiendish a conception, is needless. We re-produce it, that our people may have, in a tangible form, proof of the spirit which animates the rebellious portion of the South—that portion which votes the Democratic ticket, when permitted to vote, and would hail Judge SHARSWOOD'S election as a triumph of the principles and policy to which it is attached.

The Democratic leaders of the South are, at this moment, filled with hate of free government, with chagrin and mortification at the overthrow of the rebellion, and with malignant schemes and plottings by which to get revenge upon the "hirelings" who whipped them, and the true-hearted American people who sustained the army of the Union.

SPECIMENS OF NORTHERN TEMPER.

The *Genius of Liberty*, of Uniontown, Pa., the Democratic organ of Fayette county week before last made this charitable and generous allusion to the martyred President LINCOLN:

"The contributors to the Lincoln monument are demanding to know what has become of their money. No matter what has become of it. *It cannot be put to a more disgraceful purpose than building a monument to such a man as Lincoln, whose life was a withering curse to his country.*"

C. CHANCY BURR, a notorious rebel Democrat has been lecturing in New Jersey, before Democratic associations and receiving their countenance and approval for his political sentiments. He edits a magazine called the *Old Guard*, which is exclusively patronized by the Democratic party. In a late number of this vile publication, Burr says:

"We think we are safe in saying that there are more intelligent white and black men and women in this country to-day, who respect the name of John Wilkes Booth, than there are who respect the name of Abraham Lincoln."

He also used the following language in the same paper, speaking of President Lincoln:

"It is a year since Old Abe was taken suddenly sick in the private box of a theatre, on Good Friday night, with Booth on the brain!"

And he opens his editorial comment in his last number with these words—"*Thank God I still boast of my disloyalty!*" This man is the chosen spokesman of the Democratic party and an acknowledged exponent of its views. What right has such a party to complain when they are charged with disloyal sentiments?

SHERIDAN'S REMOVAL.

The Grant-Johnson Correspondence.—Earnest Protest of Gen. Grant.—Obedience to the Will of the People Suggested.

Last night's mail brings us the correspondence between the PRESIDENT and Gen. GRANT, in regard to SHERIDAN'S removal. We have room this morning only for Gen. GRANT'S earnest and manly protest against the President's determination to sacrifice a brave and gallant soldier, which we give in full.

Now let us have the correspondence in regard to STANTON'S removal, referred to in the closing paragraph of General GRANT'S letter.

Gen. Grant to President Johnston.

HEADQ'RS ARMIES OF THE U. STATES, WASHINGTON, D. C., August 17, 1867.

His Excellency Andrew Johnson, President of the United States:

SIR—I am in receipt of your order of this date, directing the assignment of General G. H. Thomas to the command of the Fifth Military District, General Sheridan to the Department of the Missouri, and General Hancock to the Department of the Cumberland. Also, your note of this date enclosing these instructions saying. "Before you issue instructions to carry into effect the enclosed order, I would be pleased to hear any suggestions you may deem necessary respecting the assignments to which this order refers."

I am pleased to urge—earnestly urge—urge in the name of a patriotic people who have sacrificed hundreds of thousands of loyal lives and thousands of millions of treasure to preserve the integrity and union of this country, that this order be not insisted on. It is unmistakably the expressed wish of the country that General Sheridan should not be removed from his present command.—This is a republic where the will of the people is the law of the land. I beg that their voice may be heard. General Sheridan has performed his civil duties faithfully and intelligently. His removal will only be regarded as an effort to defeat the laws of Congress. It will be interpreted by the unreconstructed element in the South, those who did all they could to break up this Government by arms, and now wish to be the only element consulted as to the method of restoring order, as a triumph. It will embolden them to renewed opposition to the will of the loyal masses, believing that they have the Executive with them.

The services of General Thomas in battling for the Union entitle him to some consideration. He has repeatedly entered his protest against being assigned to either of the five military districts, and especially to being assigned to relieve General Sheridan. General Hancock ought not to be removed from where he is. His department is a complicated one, which will take a new commander some time to become acquainted with. There are military reasons, pecuniary reasons, and, above all, patriotic reasons, why this order should not be insisted on. I beg to refer to a letter, marked private, when I wrote to the President when first consulted on the subject of the change in the War Department. It bears upon the subject of the removal, and I had hoped would have presented it.

I have the honor to be, with great respect, your obedient servant,

U. S. GRANT,
General U. S. Army and Brevet Lieutenant.

NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

Cumberland.

THE barn of George Meixell, near Boiling Springs, was struck with lightning on the 14th, and burned with the whole produce of his harvest. There was a partial insurance.

ALEXANDER GOODHART, of Newville, has received a patent for improvement in machine for cutting and grinding corn-fodder.

THE Republican ticket is, Assembly, Joseph Ritner, of Mechanicsburg; County Treasurer, W. S. M'Donnell, of Newville; Sheriff, Jason W. Eby, of Carlisle; Commissioner, John C. Sample, of Silver Spring; Jury Commissioner, Geo. D. Craighead; Director of the Poor, John Redick; Auditor, Martin Kunkel.

JOHN LINE'S barn near Shade Gap, was struck by lightning on the 10th, and burned, with his entire crop of grain and hay. No insurance.

Dauphin.

THE Republicans have nominated A. J. Herr, and Peter S. Bergstresser, Esqs., for Assembly.

Frederick.

A RAILROAD to run from Washington city to Frederick, direct, passing through Middletown and Boonsboro', to strike the Potomac at Williamsport, thence to the Broad Top region, connecting with the Pennsylvania railroad at Mt. Union; is in contemplation. It is claimed to be 120 miles shorter than any other rotte. Joseph S. Gitt, Esq., has recently been making an informal survey of part of the route.

Fulton.

JOHN T. RICHARDS has been unanimously re-nominated for the Legislature.

Franklin.

THE Republicans have nominated the following ticket:—Assembly, Col. Theodore M'Gowan, of Fayetteville; Associate Judge, W. W. Paxton, of Chambersburg; Treasurer, S. F. Greenawalt, of Chambersburg; Commissioner, A. H. Etter, of Green; Director of the Poor, John E. M'Clay, of Lurgan; Jury Commissioner, Addison Imbrie, of Antrim; Auditor, N. W. Witherow, of Metal.

THE Democratic County Convention will meet on the 3d of September.

THE School Directors are to meet on the 12th of September to consider the expediency of increasing the salary of the County Superintendent.

JUDGE KING has appointed William T. Duffield, Stenographic reporter to the Courts.

ABRAHAM CARBAUGH'S barn, near Brown's mill, was burned with contents on the night of the 16th. Loss, $4,000, no insurance.

Washington.

MRS. Catharine Mace, residing in the vicinity of Benevola, died on the 17th inst., at the advanced age of 95 years, 6 months and 2 days. She left nine children, twenty-eight grandchildren and seventy-one great grand children.

York.

MR. Eusebius Robinson has sold his property in Hanover, on Abbottstown street, to Mr. John Trone, for $900.

THE Hanover Branch Railroad Company, offer a reward of Thirty Dollars for such information as will lead to the arrest of the person or persons who, with malicious intentions, have, on several occasions recently, placed obstructions on the track of said road between Cold Spring Station and the Junction.

AMBROSE JESSEP and Daniel Rolubaugh recently had a dispute in Goldsborough, in which the latter threw a stone which struck the former on the head, and inflicted injuries causing his death in a few days. Jessup is in jail, bail having been refused.

THE York and Chanceford Turnpike Company is to be built, and books are to be opened at once for subscription to the stock.

MAJ. JOHN C. MCPHERSON died at his residence in Lower Chanceford township, on Thursday last, aged about 80 years. He was a volunteer soldier in the war of 1812-15, and was present in arms at the defence of Baltimore in September, 1814.

GENERAL NEWS.

THE income from the tax on dogs in Indiana this year will amount to $160,000.

GEN. Early is in Canada, and contemplates American politics with extreme disgust.

GEN. Geo. W. L. Bickley, the originator of the Knights of the Golden Circle, died on Saturday, the 10th.

THE corner-stone of St. John's German Evangelical Lutheran Church, Baltimore, was laid on the 18th.

AMONG the late items of news from England is the announcement that the Prince of Wales has taken the temperance pledge.

FOUR men were carried over Niagara Falls at a late hour on the evening of the 13th.—They were two ferrymen and two passengers, names not known.

GEN. SHERIDAN is a Catholic, as are most of his family. He is a native of Ohio, and the most unpopular man in the country among the Democratic politicians.

JUDGE WILLIAMS has decided that the present Bankrupt act supersedes all State laws acting upon the same rights, and affecting the same persons and the same property.

THE *Post* says that "Woman is composed of 248 bones, 169 muscles, and 369 pins.—Fearfully and wonderfully made, and to be handled with care to avoid scratches."

HON. James Armstrong, appointed by Gov. Pollock to the Supreme Bench in 1857 to fill Judge Black's vacancy, died on the 18th, in Williamsport, in his 74th year. He was an able lawyer, and highly esteemed citizen.

THE income of Cambridge University in England is $860,000 in gold annually, of which it receives about $200,000 for tuition fees. The income of Oxford is $760,000 in gold.

THE little raft *Nonpareil*, twenty-five feet long and twelve and a half feet broad, succeeded in crossing the ocean, after a voyage of forty-three days. She carried a captain and crew of two men.

THE third annual Convention of the Pennsylvania Equal Rights League was held in Reading last week. A committee were appointed to urge upon Congress, the duty of establishing Universal Suffrage.

THE new Constitution of Maryland is to be voted on, September 18th, not 25th as announced last week. If adopted, it will go into effect October 5. The present School System of the State is to be abolished and a more expensive Judicial System to be established.

UNIVERSALISM is about one hundred years old in America, and it is proposed to celebrate its centenary in 1870, a century from the landing of John Murray, their first preacher. The body now numbers about 700 ministers and 500 organized societies. It has seven newspapers and three magazines.

THE whole idea of government in Switzerland *is to compel nothing to the Executive.* A strong effort was made a year ago to clothe the Executive or "Federal Council" with the veto power, but in the midst of the movement President Johnson's extraordinary exhibitions took place and led to its instant abandonment.

OF the whole population of the United States only four hundred and fifty thousand persons paid an income tax in 1866, the residuum, some thirty-four millions and a half, made up of men, of such of them as did, declared that they had not realized more than enough to meet their wants and expenses during that year.

Local Items.

CROWDED OUT.—Several communications have been crowded out by the pressure on our columns for the last week or two.

☞The Collector of Revenue Taxes will be here on the 10th and 11th of next month to receive taxes.

THE ZOUAVES—Will be out in full dress parade on Saturday, September 7, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

FOR SALE.—SOLOMON BENDER, of Menallen township, offers a No. 1 Farm for sale. See advertisement in to-day's paper.

☞Mr. JESSE BUCHER, of Straban township, while shelling corn with a corn-sheller, recently had one of his fingers terribly mashed by being caught in the machinery.

FIRE.—The barn of Mr. PETER MYERS, near Hampton, was struck with lightning in the severe storm of the 13th, and was destroyed with a quantity of hay.

VALUABLE FARM.—The attention of persons desiring to purchase a good Farm, favorably located, and in excellent order, is directed to the advertisement of Mr. JOHN H. BAUMGARDNER in to-day's paper.

RAILROAD ITEM.—Mr. GITT has completed a survey of the proposed Frederick and Pennsylvania Railroad—from Frederick City to Littlestown—and it will soon be published.

DEDICATION.—Post No. 9 of the Grand Army of the Republic have secured the large room over the STAR and SENTINEL office as a Hall, in which their meetings will hereafter be held. The Hall will be dedicated on Monday evening, with appropriate exercises.

THE CASHTOWN PIC-NIC on Saturday last, was very large, and very successful.—The music was good, dinner superb, and the facilities for amusement varied and admirable. The managers deserve great credit for their energy, good taste, and capital arrangements.

FARMS SOLD.—The farm of DANIEL DINKLE in York county, near East Berlin, was sold on last Saturday a week (J. F. KOEHLER, Auctioneer) to Mr. CHRISTIAN KELLER, of York county. The farm contains 52 acres; the price, $100 per acre.

JOSHUA T. BROWN has purchased the property of NICHOLAS SELTZER, in Cumberland township—42 acres, at $4,300 cash.

JOHN F. HOUCK, Executor of JACOB FIDLER, deceased, last week sold the Farm of said deceased, 156 Acres, in Tyrone township, to WILLIAM BRINGMAN, of York county, for $4,000 cash.

HORSE STOLEN.—A bright bay horse, about 14 hands high, four years old, with heavy mane and light tail, was stolen on Saturday night last, from Adj't. Jacob W. Cress, of Straban township. The Straban Mutual Horse-thief detecting Society offer $100 reward for the recovery of the animal, and the conviction of the thief. The thief we understand, took an easterly direction, and was tracked below Abbottstown.

ACCIDENT.—On Friday last, as GEORGE CODORI, son of NICHOLAS CODORI, JR., of this place, aged about 14 years, was driving into a field a horse belonging to an uncle, the horse kicked him in the face, severely cutting it on the left side, breaking in the lower jaw. He walked up town to the office of DR. CHARLES HORNER, who promptly dressed the wound, the boy showing throughout great fortitude. We are pleased to learn that he is doing well.

HOW TO MEND GREENBACKS.—An exchange says: "This is the way to mend greenbacks and currency: Smooth out the edges with the finger carefully, and moisten the edges with the finger-tip, after wetting it on the mouth. Then lay the bill on a piece of writing paper, carefully drawing the edges together, and lay another piece of writing paper over it. A few seconds rubbing with the finger over the seam will make it adhere, and a little adroitness, when it is dry, will enable you to lift the bill from the paper without tearing it. The seam will then be invisible and the strongest part of the bill.

DELEGATE ELECTIONS.—We hope our Republican friends in the various townships will not neglect the Delegate Elections on Saturday next. The Convention to assemble on Monday next will have an important duty to discharge. Now, more than ever, the country requires the services of honest, capable, and reliable men in all offices of public trust. Let the Republican County Convention avoid the mistakes of the Democratic Convention—give us a good and unexceptionable ticket—and then challenge a verdict from the people of the county. See call of the County Committee in another column.

NEW COUNTERFEIT.—A new and dangerous counterfeit—National currency—5's denomination—has recently been put in circulation, which will most likely mislead careless handlers of money, and even the careful without close observance. On the left end of the note the wrist of the left arm of Columbus is scarcely visible, whereas in the genuine it is distinct. At top read, "This note is secured by bonds." The letters "B" and "Y" are too far apart, and the "O" in "Bonds" is under the "Y," whereas the "B" in the same word is immediately under the "Y" in the genuine. The general appearance of the bill is a close imitation of the genuine.

A MANLY ACT.—In the severe storm of last Thursday night, the abutments were swept from one of the culverts on the Gettysburg railroad near Hanover, but without carrying off the log on which the rail rested, so that a person looking from above could not observe that anything was wrong. A colored man who lived in the neighborhood, DAVID THOMPSON, ascertaining the facts, walked on Friday morning more than a mile and a half in the driving rain to give notice of the accident to the approaching train. But for this timely notice, the probabilities are an accident would have occurred, involving loss of life and property. Some of the passengers raised him a small purse; and we understand the Railroad Company have given him a free ticket over their road.

☞We observe that Mr. CANNON has finished a Stone, to be erected in the family lot in our Cemetery, to the memory of ALEXANDER HAMILTON HAYES, a native of Gettysburg, who died Nov. 21, 1866, in New Orleans, and whose body lies in Congress Grove Cemetery near that city. Mr. HAYES was born in this place Dec. 13, 1808. Choosing the profession of printer, he was first employed in Philadelphia, but afterwards went to New Orleans to become foreman of *The Picayune* newspaper. He left that office to become one of the founders of *The Delta*. After that paper was established, the proprietors separated, and a portion of them, with Mr. HAYES, established *The Crescent*. *The Crescent* of to-day is the revival of that paper of which Mr. HAYES was an original proprietor. He acted as foreman to both *The Delta* and *The Crescent*. In 1850, *The Crescent* was transferred to other owners, and Mr. HAYES took up that wandering life which continued to his death. He went to California, and thence to Japan and China and back again to California, which State he left on the breaking out of the war. He made his way overland to Texas, where he resided during the Rebellion. He was invited back to *The Picayune* office by the proprietors, but he died the day after landing in New Orleans. He stood high in his profession, and was esteemed by all who knew him. The New Orleans Typographical Society paid appropriate homage to his memory.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

—This body met on Monday, and organized by electing HENRY J. MYERS, Esq., of Tyrone, President; JOHN DIEHL, of Littlestown, and HENRY WOLF, of Hamilton, Vice Presidents; SAMUEL A. SMITH, of Mt. Pleasant, and JEREMIAH SLAYBAUGH, of Huntington, Secretaries. The following is a list of the delegates:

Gettysburg—David Ziegler, Jacob Troxel.
Cumberland—Wm. Spangler, Henry S. Toot.
Littlestown bor.—Simon Bishop, Jno. Diehl.
Germany—Jacob Klunk, John A. Fisher.
Oxford—Jacob Myers, Henry J. Kuhn.
Latimore—Jacob Stitzel, Michael Stumbaugh.
Huntington—Wm. B. Gardner, Jeremiah Slaybaugh.
Liberty—Joseph P. McDivitt, William Slonaker.
Hamiltonban—George Fissel, Moses Seabrooks.
Hamilton—Henry Wolf, Dr. F. C. Wolf.
Menallen—Nicholas Wierman, Wm. Overdeer (elected by Convention, there having been no delegate election held).
Straban—Henry Witmor, Dr. C. E. Goldsborough.
Franklin—Abraham Hart, Jacob Eicholtz.
Conowago—Peter Niederer, Joseph Burkee.
Tyrone—Henry J. Myers, Conrad Bream.
Mountjoy—Isaac Lightner, Moses Hartman.
Mountpleasant—Daniel Lawrence, Samuel A. Smith.
Reading—Thomas N. Dicks, Jacob Miller.
Berwick bor.—Dr. Edward Venschoff, Henry Mayer.
Berwick tp.—Jacob Hull, S. A. Wortz.
Freedom—David Rhoads, jr., Michael McFadden.
Union—Daniel Geiselman, Joseph A. Shorb.
Butler—John Cashman, Abraham Fisher.
Highland—Jephtha Dubs, Reuben Golden.

Messrs. Klunk, McDivitt, Geiselman, Shorb, and Bishop were appointed a Committee on Resolutions. Adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The following nominations were made:

ASSEMBLY.

NICHOLAS HELTZELL, of Oxford, was renominated, by resolution.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

Jacob Lott, Cumberland,	28			
George Bushman, "	12			
Isaac Hareter, Highland,	5			
David Rhoads, sr., Freedom,	3			

Mr. Lott was declared the nominee.

JURY COMMISSIONER.

Henry J. Kuhn, Oxford,	23	24	30
Jas. H. Marshall, Hamiltonban,	24	24	18
Scattering,	1		

Mr. KUHN was declared the nominee.

COUNTY TREASURER.

H. D. Wattles, Gettysburg,	21	22	24	25
Jacob Brinkerhoff, "	16	16	13	12
Wm. J. Martin, "	11	10	8	
R. D. Armor, "			3	10

Mr. WATTLES was declared the nominee.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.

Martin Getz, Hamilton	15	18	32
John Martin, Latimore,	17	11	
Henry Witmor, Straban,	8	12	12
George Mackley, Tyrone,	8	4	
Jacob Keefauver, Mountjoy,	1		

Mr. GETZ was declared the nominee.

AUDITOR.

MARTIN BOLLINGER, of Union, was nominated by resolution.

DELEGATES.

On motion, Joseph P. McDivitt, Esq., of Liberty, was appointed Senatorial delegate to the next State Convention; and Daniel Geiselman, Esq., of Union, Representative delegate.

RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. McDivitt, from the Committee, reported the following resolutions which were adopted:

Resolved, That we are opposed to the reconstruction policy of the present Congress, believing that it will result in a revolution which will overturn the Constitution, and establish a despotism in the place of free government, and that the reduction of the Southern States to territories is opposed not only to the plain provisions of the Constitution, but to every sound idea of practical statesmanship.

Resolved, That we are opposed to Negro Suffrage, Negro Equality, or Negro Supremacy in every way, shape, and manner, now henceforth and forever, believing that this is a White man's government, and that it must and shall be governed by white men to the end of time.

Resolved, That the Legislature of Pennsylvania, under a Republican Governor and with a Republican majority in both branches, has by its outrageous extravagance, disregard of public interests and wholesale bribery and corruption, been a reproach to the State; and that a thorough and complete reformation is demanded, which can only be effected by the election of honest men, who will not be controlled by improper influences and who cannot be bought and sold.

Resolved, That the failure of the Legislature to afford relief to the border sufferers for damages sustained during the war, is justly chargeable to the Radicals who had the power and refused to use it.

Resolved, That we approve of the honest and patriotic course of our Representative, Nicholas Heltzell, Esq., generally, and especially his indefatigable efforts on the relief bill.

Resolved, That we cordially endorse the nomination of Hon. George Sharswood, as candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court.

Resolved, That we pledge our undivided support to our State and County Ticket.

Adjourned.

COURT DOINGS.—The August Court continued in session until a late hour on Saturday evening. We annex a brief summary of the cases disposed of.

COMMON PLEAS.

Abraham Trostle, Administrator of Caroline Trostle vs. John Ernst—Summons in Assumpsit, to recover moneys alleged to have been received by defendant on account of Caroline Trostle, and not paid over. Defendant claimed to have paid. Verdict for defendant.

Mary Schriver vs. Henrietta Schriver, Administrator of Geo. W. Schriver, dec'd. Summons in Assumpsit to recover money alleged to have been paid by Plff. on account of George. W. Schriver, dec'd. Verdict for Plff. for $591 10.

Ashland Iron Company of Baltimore county, vs. Enoch Lefevre, John Green and John Vanhyning. Replevin, to test title to 450 tons of Iron Ore, mined by Plaintiffs on farm of Enoch

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Italian Parliament has been prorogued.—The hostile movement of Garibaldi on Rome has been discontinued.—Kossuth has declined to serve in the Hungarian Parliament to which he has been elected.—The Saltzburg Conference between the Emperors of France and Austria continues to occupy public attention in Europe. It is said that the agreement between the Emperors involves not only the formation of a Southern German Confederation, but also resistance to any intervention in the Eastern question, and the settlement of the Schleswig trouble. In relation to Mexico, it was determined to make a joint demand for the body of Maximilian, and to protect the citizens of both empires in Mexico at all hazards. The semi-official papers at Berlin fiercely attack the Saltzburg Conference, and asserts that definite arrangements were made for the formation of a pro-Austrian German Confederation.—Advices from Spain report an insurrection in Arragon, and at last advices the insurgents were carrying everything before them.

The Surratt Jury.—One of the jurymen in the Surratt case, it seems, has given an account of the deliberations of that body after retiring to make up their verdict. They first had a secret ballot, when four of the slips were marked "guilty" and eight "not guilty." Discussions of the testimony followed at length, the majority party adhering to the belief that Surratt had proved an *alibi*. This belief was adhered to during all subsequent divisions.—The evidence which had the most weight with them was that given by the three storekeepers at Elmira, who testified that they saw Surratt in their store at some time between the 12th and 15th of April, 1865. They admitted that the prisoner was guilty of participation in the conspiracy, but did not believe he was present in Washington on the day of the assassination. The testimony that exercised the greatest influence on the minds of those jurors who voted for conviction was that given by Susan Jackson, the colored servant of Mrs. Surratt's house, who swore that she saw the prisoner sitting in the basement on the 14th of April, when Mrs. Surratt said, "This is my son John; do you think he looks anything like Anna?" The manner in which the simple minded servant adhered to her statement that this occurred on Good Friday, notwithstanding the earnest efforts of opposing counsel to confuse her as to dates, carried conviction to the minds of the minority. The question of Mrs. Surratt's guilt or innocence, it seems, were discussed, and, after the expression of much variety of opinion, that of her having been guilty and justly executed prevailed.

The Cashmere Goat.—Inquiries making in Europe by American agents with reference to raising Cashmere goats and manufacturing the wool and hair in the United States, encourage a belief that success would reward efforts in this direction. Mr. J. S. Diehl, now in Europe collecting information on this subject, speaks of numerous fabrics in the Paris Exhibition made from the goat's fleece, with the looms, cards and other machinery employed in their manufacture, and expresses confidence that this department of industry can be made more successful in the United States than in Europe." Specimens of Cashmere, Thibet and Angora goat's wool have been forwarded to Washington. American specimens of Angora fleece, exhibited to the manufacturers in Leeds, England, were pronounced "the most beautiful they had seen." Similar expressions were heard in Vienna, where the most improved Jacquard looms are in operation.—Machinery of this description can be readily purchased at a moderate cost, and there is no lack of workmen to assist in introducing this branch of Manufactures into the new world. We may safely predict that in a few years elegant fabrics will be made in the United States from the wool of the Cashmere goats of our own production.

Special Notices.

NO 2.

CONSUMPTION CURABLE BY DR. SCHENCK'S MEDICINES.

TO CURE CONSUMPTION, the system must be prepared so that the lungs will heal. To accomplish this the liver and stomach must first be cleansed and an appetite created for good wholesome food, which, by these medicines will be digested properly, and good healthy blood made: thus building up the constitution. DR. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS cleanse the stomach of all bilious or mucous accumulations; and, by using the Sea Weed Tonic in connection, the appetite is restored.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP is a nutricious as well as medicinal, and, by using the three remedies, all impurities are expelled from the system, and good, wholesome blood made, which will repel all disease. Patients will take these medicines according to directions. Consumption very frequently in its last stage yields readily to their action. Take the pills frequently, to cleanse the liver and stomach. It does not follow that because the bowels are not costive they are not required, for sometimes the diarrhœa they are necessary. The stomach must be kept healthy, and an appetite created to allow the Pulmonic Syrup to act on the respiratory organs properly and allay any irritation. Then all that is required to perform a permanent cure is, to prevent taking cold. Exercise about the rooms as much as possible, and obtain the richest food—fat meats, game, and, in fact, anything the appetite craves; but be particular and masticate well. [Oct. 25, 1866.—ly

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

Is a certain cure for diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, GENERAL DEBILITY,

and all diseases of the URINARY ORGANS,

whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE,

from whatever cause originating and no matter of HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our Flesh and Blood are supported from these sources, and the HEALTH AND HAPPINESS, and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, Established upwards of 18 years, prepared by H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist, 594 Broadway, New York, and 104 South 10th st., Philadelphia, Pa.

Feb. 28, 1867.—ly

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COLDS, COUGHS, and all THROAT and LUNG AFFECTIONS. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Those wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

June 5, 1867.—1y

ACROSTIC.

Gently it penetrates through every pore,
Relieving sufferers from each *angry sore*:
A thousand *ills heals* with certainty and speed:
Cuts, Burns, from Inflammation soon are freed;
Eruptions, at its presence disappear:
Skins lose each stain, and the complexion's clear!

SAVE, such as GRACE'S every one should buy,
All to its wondrous merits testify,
Let those who doubt, *a single box but try*,—
Verily, then its true deserts 'twould have;
Even unbelievers would laud GRACE'S SALVE!
Aug. 7, 1867.—1m

COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN *ERASIVE SOAP.*

ERASIVE SOAP. Is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Grocers. [May 16, 1867.—1y

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT BUCHU

Is the Great Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

Is the Great Blood Purifier.

Both are prepared according to rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and are the most active that can be made. Feb. 28, 1867.—1y

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and IMPROVED ROSE WASH cure diseases and delicate disorders in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties. [Feb. 28, 1867.—ly

THE INDIAN DOCTOR,

Respectfully informs the public that he is now at the "Eagle Hotel," and will remain until the 24 of September, to receive the calls of those needing his services. Aug. 28.—1t

Special Notices.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, Quinsy, and the numerous as well as dangerous diseases of the *Throat, Chest and Lungs*, prevail in our changeable climate at all seasons of the year; few are fortunate enough to escape their baneful influence. How important then to have at hand a certain antidote to all those complaints. Experience proves that this exists in *Wistar's Balsam* to an extent not found in any other remedy: however severe the suffering, the application of this soothing, healing and wonderful Balsam at once vanquishes the disease and restores the sufferer to wonted health.

MR. JOHN BUNTO,

Of Baldwin, Cheming County, N. Y.—writes:

"I was urged by a neighbor to get one bottle of the Balsam for my wife, being assured by him that in case it did not produce good effects, he would pay for the bottle himself. On the strength of such practical evidence of its merits, I procured a bottle. My wife at this time was so low with what the physicians termed SEATED CONSUMPTION as to be unable to raise herself from the bed, coughing constantly and raising more or less blood. I commenced giving the Balsam as directed; and was so much pleased with its operation that I obtained another bottle, and continued giving it. Before the bottle was entirely used, she ceased coughing and was strong enough to sit up.—The fifth bottle entirely restored her to health, doing that which several Physicians had tried to do but had failed."

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE SON, 18 Tremont st., Boston, and for sale by Druggists generally.

Aug 7, 1867.—1m

BOOK AGENTS WANTED

To Solicit Orders for a New Illustrated

BIBLE DICTIONARY.

(COMPLETE IN ONE VOLUME.)

THIS DICTIONARY embodies the results of the most recent study, research, and investigation, of about sixty-five of the most eminent and advanced Biblical Scholars now living. Clergymen of all denominations approve it, and regard it as the best work of its kind in the English language, and one which ought to be in the hands of every Bible reader in the land.

In circulating this work, Agents will find a pleasant and profitable employment. The numerous objections which are usually encountered in selling ordinary works will not exist with *this*.

But, on the contrary, encouragement and friendly aid will attend the Agent, making his labors agreeable, useful, and lucrative.

Ladies, retired Clergymen, School Teachers, Farmers, Students, and all others who possess energy, are wanted to assist in canvassing every Town and County in the country, to whom the most liberal inducements will be offered.

For particulars, apply to, or address

PARMELEE BROTHERS,
722 Sansom street, Philadelphia, Penna.,

Aug. 21.—1m

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT AND UNSAFE REMEDIES for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash. Feb. 28, 1867.—1y

Review of the Markets.

Gettysburg Grain and Provision Market.

Gettysburg, Wednesday Morning.

Super Flour,...	$11 50@12 00	Apples,.....	$0 00@0 00
Extra Flour...	13 00@13 50	Potatoes.....	65@ 70
Rye Flour,.....	7 00@ 8 00	Butter,.....	20
White Wheat,	2 00@ 2 00	Lard,.....	10
Red Wheat,...	1 75@ 1 80	Eggs,.....	16
Corn,.....	80	Bacon, Hams,.....	15
Rye,.....	60	" Sides,.....	10
Oats,.....	60	" shoulders,	10
Buckwheat,...	2 50	Peaches,.....	10@ 15
Timothy Seed,	6 00	Cherries,.....	2 00
Clover Seed,...	6 00	Apples,.....	6
Flax Seed,.....	2 25@2 50	Blackberries,...	12
Plaster Paris,.	17 50	Soap,.....	7 @ 8
Hay per ton,...	16 00@18 00	Tallow,.....	

Baltimore Produce Market.

BALTIMORE, *Monday Morning.*

BREADSTUFFS.—*Flour*—Howard Street 9.00@9.50; Family 11.50@12.00; Super 9.75@10.50. *Wheat*—White 2.10@2.25; Red 2.50@2.55. *Corn*—White 1.05@1.06; Yellow 1.15@1.16. *Oats*—54@60. *Rye*—1.60@1.66.

MARRIED.

BLETTNER—WETZEL.—In Hanover, on the 18th inst., by Rev. S. Yingling, Mr. William Blettner, of Conowago township, to Miss Mary Wetzel, of Union township.

CRUM—WARREN.—At Arendtsville, on the 18th inst., by the Rev. D. W. Wolf, Mr. Peter S. Crum to Miss Hannah F. Warren, both of Menallen township.

HENDERSON—CLOUSER.—On the 8th inst., at Bendersville, by Rev. M. Z. Hornberger, Mr. Henderson, to Miss Ellen Clouser, both of New Bloomfield, Pa.

HARLACHER—DICKSON.—On the 13th inst., in the United Brethren Parsonage, in Springfield, by Rev. J. G Shoaff, Mr. Charles B. Harlacher, of East Berlin, to Miss Maggie A. Dickson, of Milltown, Cumberland county.

DIED.

☞Obituary notices 3 cents a line for all over 4 lines—cash to accompany notice.

ARENDT.—In Franklin township, on the 18th inst., George Franklin, son of George and Matilda Arendt, aged 7 months and 16 days.

ECKERT.—In Hanover, on the 20th inst., Dr. Henry Corson Eckert, aged 45 years, 9 months and 13 days.

GRAMMER.—Near Bendersville, on the 8th inst., Mrs. MARGARET GRAMMER, aged 81 years and 5 days.

HORNBERGER.—On the 20th inst., in Bendersville, Willie, son of Z. and M. Hornberger, aged 1 year, 2 months and 7 days.

KOEHLER.—On the 11th inst., Mary Genevieve, daughter of J. F. and Louisa M. Koehler, of Abbottstown, aged 4 months.

ROSE.—On the 20th ult., near Emmittsburg, Md., Mrs. Elizabeth Rose, aged 85 years, 9 months and 2 days.

NOEL.—On the 24th inst., in Franklin township, Thaddeus, son of John A. and Lucy Noel, aged 11 months and 1 day.

He is gone, he is gone from our gaze
The beautiful, loved, and the lost,
Through earth's labaryrinthian ways
His spirit shall never be toss'd.

He has gone from the regions of sin,
Of sorrow, and darkness and gloom,
At last entered joyfully in
To the haven of rest through the tomb.

New Advertisements.

COUNTY TREASURER.

THE undersigned will be a candidate for *County Treasurer*, subject to a nomination by the Republican County Convention. If nominated and elected, he pledges himself to discharge the duties of the office with impartiality and fidelity. D. W. SHEADS.

Aug. 28.—1t*

FOR RENT,

A HOUSE for a small family, with five Rooms and Kitchen, and about two Acres of ground attached, also Stable, on Marsh Creek, near Brosm's Tavern. Enquire of DAVID HEAGY.

Gettysburg, Aug. 28.—tf

CAUTION.

THE public are hereby notified not to trust my wife SUSANNAH CRIST, on my account, as I will pay no debts contracted by her, nor has she authority to dispose of any of my property. JACOB CRIST.

Menallen tp., Aug. 28.—3t

DEDICATION, G. A. R.

The hall of G. A. R. Post No 9 State of Penna. will be dedicated with appropriate Exercises on MONDAY EVENING, SEPT. 2nd at 7½ o'clock, P. M. Every member in the county is urgently requested to be present as other business of importance must be attended to

W. R. WYSTER, P. C.

A. M. HUNTER, P. Adj't. [Aug. 28.—1t

NOTICE.

THE undersigned hereby gives notice to the public that on the 9th day of AUGUST instant, he purchased from ARMSTRONG BRUN, all his Personal Property, including three head of horned Cattle, one Mare, Grain in the straw, one broad tread Wagon, one Plough, one Harrow, two sets of Horse Gears, &c., and they are now the property of the undersigned.

HENRY M'STAHL.

Aug. 28.—3t*

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

THE undersigned, Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Adams county, Auditor, to distribute the balance remaining in the hands of John Diehl, Executor of the last Will and Testament of MARY ANN ALLISON, deceased, to and among creditors, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office in Gettysburg, on SATURDAY the 21st day of SEPTEMBER next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., of which all parties in interest are hereby notified. D. A. BUEHLER, Auditor.

Aug. 28.—3t

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned that the Administration Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on MONDAY, the 30th day of SEPTEMBER, 1867, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

75. The second and final account of Joseph Lilly, Esq., Administrator of the estate of Henry Reily, Esq., deceased.

76. The account of William S. Carl, Administrator de bonis non, of the estate of George Heller, Sr., deceased.

77. First and final account of James B. Topper and Jesse P. Topper, Executors of Elisabeth Topper, deceased.

78. The first account of William Kuhns, Executor of Jesse Heck, deceased.

79. The first and final account of Edward Staley and John W Staley, Executors of the last will and testament of John Staley, Sen., deceased.

80. First and final account of George W. Shull, Administrator of the estate of Julia Ann Dysart, late of Littlestown, deceased.

81. The second and final account of Michael Leer, Executor of the will of Elizabeth Leer, deceased.

W. D. HOLTZWORTH, Register.

Aug. 28.—4t

PRINTING PRESS

FOR SALE.

We have a surplus IRON FRANKLIN PRESS—platen 24 x 38 inches—which will be sold low. It is in good order—the "Sentinel" having been printed on it up to the date of consolidation. It is now offered for sale simply because we have no use for it.

Address HARPER, McPHERSON & BUEHLER, Gettysburg, Pa.

New Advertisements.

A VALUABLE FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

The subscriber offers at Private Sale, his valuable COPPER STONE FARM, situated in Menallen township, Adams county, Pa., on the road leading from Bendersville to Petersburg, two miles from the former place, containing 136 ACRES and 76 PERCHES, improved with a new two-story BRICK HOUSE, 32 feet by 42, with an out kitchen and a well of water under roof at the door with an excellent spring but a short distance from the house. Also a new Bank Barn 93 feet in length including Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, and other necessary out-buildings are on the premises. The Farm possesses superior water advantages, with a great variety of fruit upon it. The land is in a high state of cultivation and contains a good proportion of Timber and Meadow. It is located in a fine neighborhood being convenient to Markets, Mills, Churches and Schools, and is among the most desirable properties in the county.

☞Persons desiring to view the property, will call upon the subscriber residing thereon.

SOLOMON BENDER.

Aug. 28.—3m

A VALUABLE FARM,

In Hamiltonban township, Adams county, Penna.

AT PRIVATE SALE.

The subscriber, having removed to the West, offers at Private Sale, his valuable FARM, situate in Hamiltonban township, Adams county, Pa., one mile from Fairfield, containing about 200 ACRES, adjoining lands of Joseph Culbertson, J. S. Witherow, and others, and having thereon a nearly new two-story Stone DWELLING HOUSE, with two-story Kitchen, a nearly new Bank Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, and other out-buildings; a never-failing well of water at the door, and water in all the fields. There is on the premises a first-rate young APPLE ORCHARD, just coming into full bearing with other fruit of different kinds. There is also on the farm a two-story Log TENANT HOUSE, with Stable, and an excellent Orchard connected with the same.

The land is in a fine state of cultivation, having all been limed, whilst the fences are almost exclusively chestnut rail. Churches, School Houses, Mills, Stores and Mechanic Shops, are convenient—all within a mile.

☞Persons wishing to view the premises, are requested to call on Isaac Hereter, residing on Marsh Creek, near F. Brosm's tavern, who will show the property and state terms. JOHN H. BAUMGARDNER.

Aug. 28.—tf

A VALUABLE FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned offer at Private Sale, their valuable Farm, situate in Franklin township, Adams county, Pa., near Munmasburg, on the road to Gettysburg, adjoining lands of Benjamin Beardorff, Andrew Klunk, and others, containing 150 ACRES, more or less. The improvements consist of two DWELLING HOUSES, one of them two-stories, the other 1½ stories; also a good Bank Barn, and a good Stable. The property is conveniently divided, so as to have a set of buildings on each, Spring House, Corn Crib, Wagon Sheds, and other outbuildings. There is a good Orchard of choice Fruit; also a never failing Spring of Water near the door. Part of the Farm has been recently well limed. There is a fair proportion of Meadow and Timber Land. Also, about 25 or 30 ACRES of Mountain Land, near Arendtsville, adjoining lands of John Bittinger and others, well covered with excellent Timber.

☞Persons desiring to view the premises, will call on the undersigned, residing thereon.

J. K., S., and M. A. WILSON.

Aug. 18.—tf

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned, Administrator of the Estate of MICHAEL SHERTZ, late of Tyrone township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, will sell at Public Sale, on *Saturday, the 31st of September*, 1867, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, by order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, the following Real Estate of said deceased, to wit:

A DWELLING HOUSE and two acres of Ground situate in the town of Heidlersburg. The House is a one and a half story Log Weatherboarded, with an excellent Stable, Wood House, and other outbuildings.

☞Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by JOHN F. HOUCK, Adm'r.

Aug. 14.—ts

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned will sell at Private Sale, on very advantageous terms, his valuable Farm, situate in Highland township, Adams county, about five miles from Gettysburg, containing 240 ACRES, more or less, of which from 70 to 80 ACRES are in heavy Timber. The improvements are large and convenient. There is a large amount of Meadow on the Farm, which is second to none in the township as a Fruit farm. It can be conveniently divided to make two Farms. WM. WILSON.

Aug. 28.—3m

PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned intending to leave the neighborhood, will sell at Private Sale, his two BRICK BUILDINGS, situated on the Main street in Bendersville—one a nice house; the other a Store Room and Work Shop. Terms easy. Enquire of the undersigned.

WM. A. ELDEN.

Bendersville, Aug. 28, 1867.—tf

YOUNT'S COMPOUND

FOR THE CURE OF

PUTRID SORE THROAT, INFLUENZA,

or any other Inflammatory or inward disease of the Throat if not of too long standing. Also, SCARLET FEVER. This medicine has been tried in

THOUSANDS OF CASES,

in different parts of the country, and has never been known to fail if taken in time and according to directions. It is warranted to cure. Give it a trial and it will speak for itself. Every household should provide themselves with a box of this medicine and keep it on hands. The cures that it has effected are truly marvelous.

☞Prepared and sold by ISRAEL YOUNT & Co., Gettysburg, Pa., or by their authorized agents. For sale at retail at the Store in Adamstown.

May 29, 1867.—tf ISRAEL YOUNT & CO.

1867. REMOVAL. 1867.

A. R. FEISTEL,

Practical Watchmaker,

AND DEALER IN

CLOCKS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

HAS removed his Store to York Street, next door to Bayer & Sons's Grocery, and directly opposite the Gettysburg National Bank, where he has on hand, and is constantly receiving, large supplies of

CLOCKS,

from the best Manufactories in the United States; all styles, Regulator, Office, Eight-day and Two-day Marble Clocks, with and without Alarm Attachment—all warranted, and will be sold cheap. Prices from $5 50 to $9 50.

WATCHES,

of American and Foreign manufacture; Gold and Silver, Hunting-case and Open-faced Levers, Detached Levers, Straight Line, White Movement, Lepines, Railroad, Timekeepers and Timing Watches, all warranted—at prices ranging from $13 00 to $75 00.

JEWELRY.

A splendid assortment of Rings, chased and plain, Wedding Rings, Rings suitable for Gifts, Silver Rings, and Gutta Percha Rings, Ladies' Breastpins and Ear-rings of all styles and patterns, Gents' Pins of all kinds, Masonic, Odd Fellows, Red Men and Templars'. Gold Pens and Pencils, Napkin Rings, Silver Thimbles, Spectacles, silver, plated and steel, a large variety of Gold and Silver Vest and Curb Chains, Gents' Bosom Studs, Sleeve Buttons, Lockets, Charms, &c., &c., sold CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST.

☞Clocks, Watches, Jewelry and Musical Instruments of every description REPAIRED to order, and satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, he hopes by doing good work, at reasonable prices, to merit the continuance of the same.

Gettysburg, Aug. 21, 1867.—1y A. R. FEISTEL.

DANIEL GULDEN,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS,

FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES,

LUMBER, COAL, &c.

THE undersigned keeps on hand, at his Ware House, known as "*Gulden's Station*," in Straban township, on the line of the Gettysburg Railroad, all kinds of

GROCERIES,

including Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Spices, &c., with Salt, Fish, Oils, Tobacco, Bacon, Lard, &c. Also,

LUMBER AND COAL,

including Building Stuff, Shingles, Laths, Stove and Blacksmith Coal. Also,

GUANO,

and a large assortment of

DRY GOODS, BOOTS, HATS AND CAPS,

of all kinds, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest prices.

He also pays the highest market price for Flour, Grain, Corn, Oats, Buckwheat, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Potatoes, &c., or will receive and forward the same to market on commission. He respectfully asks his friends and the public to give him a call. DANIEL GULDEN.

Aug. 21, 1867.—tf

BOOT AND SHOE-MAKING.

JAMES WILSON

Respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has built a new Shop, on West Middle street, GETTYSBURG, a few doors from the Court-House, and is now prepared promptly to execute all orders for work in his line. Gentlemen, Ladies and Children requiring BOOTS, SHOES, SLIPPERS, &c., are requested to give him a call. He superintends all work made in his Shop, and will guaranty satisfaction, both as to prices and quality of work.

☞MENDING☜ of all kinds promptly attended to.

Aug. 21, 1867.—tf

JUST NOW—

CHEAP BALMORAL SKIRTS,
EUREKA BALMORAL SKIRTS,
M'ALESTER & JOHNSTON'S BALMORAL SKIRTS,
ROSALIND BALMORAL SKIRTS,
GERMANTOWN BALMORAL SKIRTS,
WEB-BOTTOM HOOP SKIRTS,
SIMPLEX ELLIPTIC HOOP SKIRTS,
WASHINGTON HOOP SKIRTS,

the best Hoop Skirt in America. All selling cheap at

Aug. 21.—tf SPEF & WOODS.

New Advertisements.

QUACKENBOS'S ARITHMETICS.

THE LATEST AND BEST.

PRIMARY, 40c. ELEMENTARY, 60c. PRACTICAL, $1.50.

Up to the times; teach the methods used by business men; complete on all the branches of Commercial Arithmetic; well condensed in rules and analyses; admirably graded; PERFECT TEXT-BOOKS; WITH NO DEFECTS. Do my Teachers who use them. Going in everywhere. Specimen mailed to Teachers at half the above prices. Agents wanted in every County.

Address, D. APPLETON & CO., New York.

Aug. 7, 1867.—1m

LIGHT WORK AND GOOD PAY.—For pleasant and profitable employment take Agency for "Good Books." Ask for Illustrated Catalogue. Send two stamps.

S. R. WELLS,
389 Broadway, N. Y.

Aug. 7.—1m

AGENTS WANTED to canvass for "FOUR YEARS IN THE OLD WORLD," 13,000 already sold. Now is the time to make money. No competition. Great inducements offered teachers, ministers, active ladies or experienced agents. Send for terms to FOSTER & PALMER, Jr.,
254 Pearl st., New York.

Aug. 7.—1m. 14 Bible House, New York.

AGENTS WANTED.

ANOTHER Great Work by M. A. POLLARD, entitled "LEE AND HIS LIEUTENANTS," comprising a life of Gen. R. E. Lee, replete with facts never before published, including Biographies of every Southern General of distinction.

A companion volume to "THE LOST CAUSE," a Standard Southern History of the War. A new and enlarged edition is now ready. These two works form a complete library of the War from the other side.

E. B. TREAT CO., Publishers,
654 Broadway, N. Y.

Aug. 7.—1m

JOS. GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS,

OF THE OLD STANDARD QUALITY.

TRADE MARK: JOSEPH GILLOTT, WARRANTED. Or Descriptive Name and Designating Number.

The well known ORIGINAL and POPULAR Numbers,

303—404—170—351,

Having been assumed by other MAKERS, we desire to caution the public in respect to said imitations.

ASK FOR GILLOTT'S.

CAUTION!—An injunction was granted by the Supreme Court (New York) at General Term, January, 1867, against the use by others of the NUMBER 303.

JOS. GILLOTT & SONS,
No. 91 John St., New York.

Aug. 7.—1m HENRY OWEN, Sole Agent.

RODMAN, FISK & CO.,

BANKERS

AND DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

NO. 18 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK,

BUY and sell at market rates Six per cent Bonds of 1881, Five-Twenty Bonds, all issues; Ten-Forty Bonds; Seven-Thirty Notes, all series; Compound Interest Notes, and Gold and Silver Coin.

Convert all series of 7-30 Notes into the New Consolidated 5-20 Bonds at best market rates.

Execute orders for purchase and sale of all miscellaneous securities.

Receive Deposits and allow 5 per cent Interest on balance, subject to check at sight.

Make Collections on all accessible points.

All issues of Government Securities credited or remitted for, on receipt, at market rates. *Five* of all commission charges. RODMAN, FISK & CO.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS.

THE GRAFTON MINERAL PAINT COMPANY are manufacturing the Best, Cheapest and most Durable Paint in use; two coats well put on, mixed with pure Linseed Oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, olive, drab or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for Houses, Barns, Fences, Agricultural Implements, Carriage and Car-Makers, Railroad Workers, Canvas, Metal and Shingle Roofs, (it being Fire and Water proof), Bridges, Burial Cases, Canal Boats, Ships and Ships' Bottoms, Floor Oil Cloths, (one Manufacturer here having used 5000 bbls. the past year), and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity, and adhesiveness. Price $3 per bbl., of 300 lbs., which will supply a family for years to come, warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular, which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Grafton Mineral Paint Co.

DANIEL BIDWELL, Proprietor,
274 Pearl st., New York.

LEGS AND ARMS

INVENTED by a Surgeon. New patents in Legs, ranging from $50, through all the improvements on the Anatomical Leg, with lateral motion at Ankle, like natural limb, at $150.

Two patents in Arms, with new Shoulder motion, $75 to $125. Send for pamphlet. It contains valuable information and is sent free.

Offices: Cincinnati, 118 W. Fourth St. Chicago, opposite P. O. St. Louis, 413 Pine St. New York, 658 Broadway.

Address DOUGLAS BIGELOW, M. D.,
Aug. 7.—3m at nearest office.

MDCCLX. 1760.—1867.

"CENTURY."

$100 A DAY.

WE have adopted the plan of putting money in CENTURY TOBACCO to induce consumers to use it, knowing that it is only necessary for them to give it a trial to become fully satisfied of its merits, and to pronounce it THE BEST FINE CUT MADE. We will continue to offer these inducements until this fact is fully recognized.

We are making THE CENTURY from selections of the very choicest stock of leaf, and have devoted every care to its manufacture, from first to last, and every respect A PURE ARTICLE OF CHEWING TOBACCO.

On Monday we will place in each paper a $100 U. S. Note, On Tuesday, in two papers $50 each. On Wednesday, in five papers, $20 in each. On Thursdays, in ten papers, $10 each. On Fridays, in twenty papers, $5 in each, and on Saturday, in forty papers, $2 50 each. In all cases leaving GENUINE U. S. GREENBACKS to the amount of $100 a day.

The finders of these GREENBACKS—by sending their names, address, and numbers of the bills,—will be presented with packages of our Tobacco, in proportion to the amount of money found.

This house has been established for over a Hundred Years, and has always sustained a character for honesty and fair dealing, which puts to flight all doubts, if any should exist, as to the genuineness of this enterprise.

THE CENTURY TOBACCO can be had in large quantities at Manufacturers' prices, of A. R. Mitchell, 25 Federal st., Boston; B. A. Van Schaick, 16 S. Front st., Philadelphia; Foy & Earle, 85 S. Water st., Chicago; Schultz & Bagley, 94 West Second st., Cincinnati.

Price list sent on application to

P. & G. LORILLARD,
(Established in 1760.)
16 Chambers st., New York.

Aug. 7.—1m

MADAM FOY'S

CORSET SKIRT SUPPORTER

COMBINES in one garment a PERFECT FITTING CORSET, and the most desirable Skirt Supporter ever offered the public. It places the weight of the skirts upon the shoulders instead of the hips; it improves the form without tight lacing; gives ease and elegance; is approved and recommended by physicians. Manufactured by D. B. SAUNDERS & CO.,
96 Summer st., Boston.

Aug. 7.—1m

MORE THAN $200 PER MONTH.

Made with Stencil Dies. Send for Catalogue and Samples, free. S. M. SPENCER & CO.,
Aug. 7.—1m Brattleboro, Vermont.

6,000 AGENTS wanted, to sell Six New Inventions. Goods of great value to families; all pay great profits. Send 25c. and get 80 pages and sample gratis. Agents have made $100,000. EPHRAIM BROWN,
Aug. 7.—1m Lowell, Mass.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN EMPLOYED. Picture business. Very profitable. No risk. 17 Specimen Pictures and Catalogue sent for 15c. postage.

MANSON LANG,
Aug. 7.—1m 297 Bowery, New York City.

"BEYOND THE MISSISSIPPI!"

A Complete History of the New States and Territories, from the Great River to the Great Ocean, by Albert D. Richardson.

OVER 20,000 COPIES SOLD IN ONE MONTH.

Life and Adventure on Prairies, Mountains and the Pacific Coast. With over 200 Descriptive and Photographic Views of the Scenery, Cities, Lands, Mines, People and Curiosities of the New States and Territories.

To prospective emigrants and settlers in the "Far West," this History of that vast and fertile region will prove an invaluable assistance, supplying as it does a want long felt of a full, authentic and reliable guide to climate, soil, products, means of travel, &c.

Agents Wanted—Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address

NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.,
Aug. 7.—1m 507 Minor st., Philadelphia, Pa.

$15 PER DAY SURE.—Agents wanted everywhere to sell our Patent Wax Thread Wire Clothes Lines. Will last 30 years. Address the AMERICAN WIRE CO.,
Aug. 7.—1m Office 162 Broadway, New York.

AMERICAN BEE HIVE.

AS there were some disappointments last Spring by parties not getting a supply of the AMERICAN BEE HIVES, the undersigned is desirous that orders be handed in in time, so that everybody wanting them may be accommodated without fail. He will be at the Fair at Gettysburg, during the entire 4 days, to receive orders. It is not deemed necessary to enter into a description of this very valuable Hive, as it has been tried and found the roughly satisfactory. A large number of patterns will be shown at the Fair, or may be seen at any time by calling on the undersigned.

Orders can be left with Mr. JOHN BENDER, Gettysburg, or with Mr. JOHN A. COBEAN, Littlestown, and will receive prompt attention.

Rights for sale in Adams county, Pa., and for the State of Pennsylvania.

ISAAC S. MYERS.

Aug. 7.—3t

Legal Notices.

ELECTION.

AN Election for 21 Managers of the "Adams County Mutual Fire Insurance Company," will be held at the Office of the Company in Gettysburg, on MONDAY the 2d of SEPTEMBER next, between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M. Each member being entitled to one vote for each Policy held by him.

☞The Executive Committee will meet at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day. D. A. BUEHLER, Sec'y.

Aug. 14.—td

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration with the will annexed, on the estate of ISRAEL O'BOYLE, late of Conowago township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the said township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MICHAEL REILY, Adm'r.

Aug. 7, 1867.—6t

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm of GARDNER & BROTHER, of Petersburg, Y. S., is hereby dissolved.

All persons indebted to said firm, will please make payment without delay. Either partner is authorized to use the name of the firm in the settlement of the business. J. A. GARDNER,
J. W. GARDNER.

HAVING disposed of my stock of Merchandize to Messrs. Hartman & Sadler, and in retiring from a successful business career of nearly *eighteen years*, I hereby return my grateful acknowledgements to my friends and customers for their liberal patronage, and cheerfully recommend to their generous encouragement, my successors, Messrs. Hartman & Sadler. J. A. GARDNER.

April 18, 1867.—tf

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing between JOSEPH H. CLINE and JOSEPH CLINE doing business in Idaville, Adams county, Pa., has been this the 15th day of August, 1867, mutually dissolved. They hereby give notice to all persons to call and settle their claims. The books will remain in the hands of JOSEPH CLINE who will continue the business as heretofore.

JOSEPH H. CLINE,
JOSEPH CLINE.

Aug. 21.—3t*

STRAYED SHEEP.

STRAYED from the premises of the subscriber in Berwick township, about the 10th day of August, 1867, two SHEEP, three old ones, and three lambs, all white, with cropped tails. The old ones have a piece taken out of each ear, underneath. Any person giving information in regard to above sheep to the subscriber, residing near Gettysburg, will be suitably rewarded. WM. WIBLE.

Aug. 14.—3t*

Educational.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,

MALE AND FEMALE,

HANOVER, PA.

REV. H

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

HEAD QUARTERS FOR CLOTHING.

PICKING SELLS COATS CHEAP.

PICKING SELLS PANTS CHEAP.

PICKING SELLS VESTS CHEAP.

PICKING SELLS SHIRTS CHEAP.

PICKING SELLS NOTIONS CHEAP.

PICKING SELLS CLOCKS CHEAP.

PICKING SELLS TRUNKS CHEAP.

PICKING SELLS VIOLINS CHEAP.

PICKING SELLS ACCORDEONS CHEAP

PICKING SELLS VERY CHEAP.

CALL AND SEE HIM.

July 24, 1867.

NEW BOOT & SHOE STORE.

NEW AND GOOD GOODS AT LOW PRICES.

THE undersigned has opened a new Boot and Shoe Store, on BALTIMORE STREET, one door south of the Presbyterian Church and nearly opposite McCreary's Saddler Shop, where he offers an attractive assortment of goods in his line, all new and selected with the greatest care. He has

LADIES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
LADIES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
LADIES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
LADIES' BALMORAL BOOTS:
IN LARGE VARIETY.

GENTLEMEN'S CALF BOOTS,
GENTLEMEN'S KIP BOOTS,
GENTLEMEN'S CONGRESS GAITERS,
GENTLEMEN'S SLIPPERS, ALL STYLES,
GENTLEMEN'S BALMORALS,
GENTLEMEN'S BROGANS, &c.

MISSES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
MISSES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
MISSES' MOROCCO BALMORALS,
&c., &c., &c.

BOYS' CONGRESS GAITERS,
BOYS' CALF BALMORALS,
BOYS' BROGANS, &c., &c.

All will be sold at the lowest living profits. Buyers, from town and country, are invited to call and examine goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere. I am determined to sell cheap—a little cheaper than any other house in the county. My strict attention to business, and dealing fairly and squarely with everybody, I hope to merit and receive an encouraging share of public patronage.

The MANUFACTURING of Boots and Shoes will be carried on, in all its branches. Boots, Shoes and Gaiters made to order. Also, Boots and Shoes of own manufacture constantly on hand. Repairing done on short notice—and no effort spared to give satisfaction. None but first class workmen employed. Having a lifetime experience at the business, I feel confident that I can please all who may call.

D. H. KLINGEL.

Gettysburg, July 31, 1867.—tf

NEW AND CHEAP CLOTHING AT BRINKERHOFF'S.

STACKS OF THEM!

J. BRINKERHOFF, corner of the Diamond and York street, has just returned from the city with an unusually attractive assortment of

CLOTHING FOR SPRING & SUMMER WEAR.

which he will sell at such prices as cannot fail to take them off very rapidly. Call and judge for yourselves.—To look at the excellent material, tasteful cutting, and neat and substantial sewing, and then to get his low prices—callers cannot help but buy, when they see it so much to their interest to do so.

He has Coats, Pants, Vests, of all styles and materials, Hats, Boots and Shoes;

Shirts, of all kinds, Mosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Cravats, Linen and Paper Collars, Suspenders, Brushes, Combs;

Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas, Pocket Knives, Segars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Pens, Stationery, &c.;

Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, with a thousan and one other articles, entirely too numerous to detail in a newspaper advertisement.

He asks the attention of the public to his new stock, confident that it will please—and no one or will sell cheaper. Don't forget the place—corner of York street and the Diamond, Gettysburg.

May 20, 1867. JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

ANOTHER VETO

BY NORRIS.

CLOTHING,

HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES

AS CHEAP AS BEFORE THE WAR.

ALSO

Anything in the Gentleman's furnishing line.

Can be found at the Cheap Store of

T. C. NORRIS.

May 20, 1867.—tf

New Goods!

CHEAP—CHEAPER—CHEAPEST!

If you wish to buy good and cheap Goods, call at JACOBS & BRO'S. STORE, near Myers' Hotel in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg. They have the very best selection of goods, such as CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, &c., the market can produce, and are determined to sell them as cheap as can be sold anywhere in town or country. Any person wishing to have them cut out, can have it done free of charge.—Those desiring Goods made up, can also be accommodated as the warrant the best work and the best fits to be had anywhere No humbug in what we say.

We have on hand the very best most durable SEWING MACHINES, and are always ready to sell on purchaser. Full satisfaction given as to operating machines.—Call and examine. We warrant them to be the best in use.

May 20, 1867. JACOBS & BRO.

HATS, CAPS, FURS.

S. S. McCREARY

Has just opened a new assortment of HATS and CAPS, of the latest style and fashion, which he is prepared to sell at reduced prices and lower than the same goods can be bought in the city. Call and examine his stock, at his old establishment on Chambersburg street, opposite Buehler's Drug Store.

Gettysburg, June 3, 1867.—ly

MERCHANT TAILORING.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS,

and other materials for Men's Wear, furnished and made up, to order, on short notice.

SATISFACTION WARRANTED.

Work also solicited from Customers, who purchase their Goods elsewhere.

W. T. KING,
York street, opposite the Bank.

June 13, 1867.—ly

P. T. BARNUM'S (Patent)

ELASTIC STRAP AND BUCKLE,

FOR

PANTS, VESTS and DRAWERS.

This little invention is just out, and as it is no "humbug" is meeting with a rapid sale. It can be applied in a moment to any garment, by any person, causing it to fit perfectly.

Its elasticity prevents tearing the straps and buckles off the clothes, and also allows perfect freedom of the body while working or taking exercise.

For sale by tailors and the trade generally. Send 25 cts. for strap, circulars, terms to agents and the trade, to the

BARNUM E. S. & B. CO.
629 Broadway, New York.

Agents Wanted in every county.

June 6, 1867.—3m

Wants.

$20.00 AGENTS WANTED—$20.00.—Male and Female, to introduce our NEW PATENT STAR SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. It is adapted to the family use and tailoring. It makes a stitch alike on both sides. Price only TWENTY DOLLARS. Extraordinary inducements to Agents. For full particulars address, DUMONT & WILSON,
630 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

June 13, 1867.—3m

WANTED!—Musk Rat and Mink Skins, the highest market price paid by
THEO. G. HOSKIN

Banks.

$23.000.000.

THE NEW SIX PER CENT. PENNSYLVANIA STATE LOAN.

FREE FROM ALL STATE, COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL TAXATION.

Will be furnished in sums to suit, on application to the nearest Bank or Banker; also by either of the undersigned.

JAY COOKE & CO.,
DREXEL & CO.,
E. W. CLARK & CO.,
Bankers, Philadelphia.

GETTYSBURG

NATIONAL BANK.

GOVERNMENT BONDS OF ALL ISSUES,

SEVEN-THIRTIES

AND

COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,

bought and sold.

Orders for purchase and sale of

STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD,

promptly executed.

INTEREST allowed on SPECIAL DEPOSITS at 3, 4 and 5 per cent., according to length of time of deposit. J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

July 3, 1867.

THE

First National Bank of Gettysburg,

ALLOWS

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS

AS USUAL—

Buys and Sells all Kinds of

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD AND SILVER,

Converts 7-30 Notes into 5-20 U. S. Bonds.

Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

GEO. ARNOLD, *Cashier.*

April 11, 1867.

Photograph Galleries.

WE are always glad to see our friends at the Excelsior Gallery, it still stands in the same old place opposite the Bank on York st., Gettysburg, Pa.

PHOTO MINIATURES at the Excelsior Gallery are superb and are furnished at one-thirdcitry prices. Call and examine specimens.

C. J. TYSON.

EXCELSIOR is our motto. To please our aim! and to render satisfaction in every instance our determination.

C. J. TYSON.

CONSTANTLY on hand an assortment of fine Frames, Photograph Albums, Cards and Baskets for grasses, from the Battle-field. Photographs of our Generals, and other distinguished individuals, at the Excelsior Gallery.

C. J. TYSON.

THE best Photographs made in this County are made at the Excelsior Gallery, Gettysburg, opposite the old Bank,

C. J. TYSON.

BY all means have your Photographs made at the Excelsior Gallery if you desire them perfect.

C. J. TYSON.

LARGE VIEWS of the Battle-field, singly or in sets, very low; also Stereoscopic Views of the battle-field, at the Excelsior Gallery.—Do not fail to see them.

C. J. TYSON.

FRAMES OF EVERY KIND, for Large Pictures, Marriage Certificates, Church Certificates, Missionary Certificates, &c., very cheap at

S. G. SHEAFER'S
New Gallery, Hanover, Pa.

June 5, 1867.—ly

REMOVAL!

THE GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally that he has removed from his old rooms on West Middle street, to Baltimore street and nearly opposite the store of Fahnestock Brothers. The rooms are now occupies, has been recently fitted up expressly for his business. The location is an admirable one, enabling him to take pictures in all shades of weather, and with a correctness unequalled any where else,

LIFE-LIKE PHOTOGRAPHS,

of every size and description, executed in the finest style in fact in all styles, even to the CARTE-DE-VISITE, and in copying AMBROTYPES and DAGUERREOTYPES of deceased friends. Also—

THE GETTYSBURG GEMS,

a new style of picture which has become very popular with the public, not only for their beauty, but for cheapness and convenience. SIXTEEN for ONE DOLLAR only. Also—THE PORCELAIN PICTURES, which for their beauty and durability are unsurpassed.

We are prepared to carry on the business in all its various branches, and having had considerable experience we run no risk in

GUARANTEEING PERFECT SATISFACTION.

Our facilities for a full display of our skill are unequalled by any other Gallery in the County, and we would herefore invite every one to call at the

NEW GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.

Call and examine our Specimens and judge for your selves. LEVI MUMPER.

June 21, 1865.

J. GURNEY & SON,

PHOTOGRAPH ARTISTS,
707 *Broadway, New York.*

In addition to our PHOTOGRAPHIC ART GALLERY, established 1840. We have for the last five years had advantages superior to any other establishment in making sittings from life, of all the PROMINENT CELEBRITIES of the day in CARD PORTRAITS, and are now publishing a Catalogue of over 2500 SUBJECTS, AMERICAN AND FOREIGN, also a large list of Copies of

WORKS OF ART AND ENGRAVINGS.

Such as the Right Rev. Bishops of the Episcopal church, and the Catholic Clergy, and the Clergy of all denominations, all prominent officers of the Army, Navy and Confederate States, Actors and Actresses, Professional Billiard Players, Foreign celebrities. Pictures from Statuary, male and female.

Catalogues sent on receipt of Stamp.

An order for one dozen pictures from our Catalogue will be Elected for $1.80, and sent by mail free. Single Pictures 25 cents each, copies of engravings 16 cents each.

N. B. We also desire to call attention to the advantage we have for reproducing, or copying, Old Daguerreotypes, Ambrotypes, Card Pictures, &c., of

DECEASED RELATIVES AND FRIENDS,

enlarging them to any size, and finishing in Oil, Water Colors, or India Ink, with the aid of

TEN TALENTED ARTISTS.

Parties desiring copies, should therefore correspond with us direct.

SEND FOR A CATALOGUE.

The Trade Supplied at a Liberal Discount.

GALLERY OPEN FOR FREE INSPECTION.

and strangers visiting the City, will find our Gallery one of the most agreeable places in the City, wherein to while away an hour. J. GURNEY & SON,
PHOTOGRAPHERS,
707 Broadway, N. Y.

Oct. 4, 1866.—$26

Confections, Ice Cream, Toys, &c.

SOMETHING NEW IN GETTYSBURG!

The undersigned has the pleasure of informing the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he is now prepared to supply them with the famous

CREAM SODA,

drawn from Dow's Soda Fountain, which has become so popular in the cities. If you have never tasted this delicious drink, you don't know what you have missed.—Try it. Once tasted, you will become a regular patron. I have also opened and am

ICE CREAM SALOON,

with accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen, and am prepared to supply private families. Parties, &c., on reasonable terms. Also, constantly on hand, fresh

CONFECTIONS,

Cakes, &c. Call at the old established stand on Chambersburg street, opposite the Lutheran Church adjoining the Keystone Hotel.

May 29, 1867.—3m R. H. MINNIGH.

Fresh Confectionery, &c.

THE subscriber calls the attention of the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, to his fine Confectionary Establishment, one door east of the Eagle Hotel, on Chambersburg street.

Cakes, Candies and every description of Confections together with Nuts, Oranges, and all kinds of fruits always on hand.

Parties, public and private, as well as families will be furnished with all kinds of Cakes, Ice Cream, (in pyramids form or otherwise,) and other refreshments at their houses, upon short notice.

Having spent a life-time at the business, he flatters himself that he understands it and that he is able to render entire satisfaction.

Call and see the Confectionary.

JOHN GRUEL.

May 29, 1867.

TOYS, Notions, Marbles, &c., at
J. M. WARNER'S

GO and see J. M. Warner's Store.

FRESH CONFECTIONARIES at
J. M. WARNER'S.

THE finest and freshest FRUITS, NUTS, &c. at
J. M. WARNER'S.

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, &c., at
J. M. WARNER'S.

Sewing Machines.

FINKLE & LYON LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINE.

The only Machine so perfected that entire satisfaction is guaranteed or the purchase money refunded.

When we have no Agent a sample Machine will be sold at very low price, and a Local Agent appointed on the most favorable terms.

N. B.—Send for circular. Traveling Agents wanted.—Salary, liberal.

FINKLE & LYON S. M. CO.
587 Broadway, New York.

July 3, 1867.—6m

SINGER'S CELEBRATED SEWING MACHINE

THE very best and latest improved machine in use, for sale at the CLOTHING STORE of JACOBS & BRO., in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, where you can buy the best and cheapest Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, and every variety of goods in the line of

MEN AND BOYS WEAR.

You can have them cut out and made up in the very best style if you wish, at moderate prices, and without any risk whatever. GEO. JACOBS & BRO.

Aug. 16, 1866.

THE HOWE MACHINE CO.'S SEWING MACHINES,

699 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

These World-renowned Sewing Machines were awarded the Highest Premium at the World's Fair, in London, and six First Premiums at the N. Y. State Fair of 1866, and are celebrated for doing the best work, using a much smaller needle for the same thread than any other machine, and by the introduction of the most approved machinery, we are now able to supply the very best machines in the world.

These machines are made at our new and spacious Factory at Bridgeport, Conn., under the immediate supervision of the President of the Company, ELIAS HOWE, Jr., the original inventor of the Sewing Machine.

They are adapted to all kinds of Family Sewing, and to the use of Seamstresses, Dress Makers, Tailors, Manufacturers of Shirts, Collars, Skirts, Cloaks, Mantillas, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Corsets, Boots, Shoes, Harness, Saddles, Linen Goods, Umbrellas, Parasols, etc. They work equally well upon silk, linen, cotton or woolen goods with silk, cotton or linen thread. They will seam, quilt, gather, hem, fell, cord, braid, bind and perform every species of sewing, making a beautiful and perfect stitch, alike on both sides of the articles sewed.

The Stitch Invented by Mr. HOWE, and made on this Machine, is the most popular and durable, and all Sewing Machines are subject to the principle invented by him. Send for Circulars.

SIBLEY & STOOPS, General Agents,
March 19, 1867.—1y No. 922 Chestnut St., Phila.

Sewing Machines.

SEWING MACHINES!

THE GROVER & BAKER.

THE BEST IN USE.—These Machines have become so well known that little need be said by way of recommendation. They have taken the first premium at all the late State Fairs, and are universally acknowledged to be the BEST in use by all who have tried them. The "Grover & Baker Stitch" and the "Shuttle Stitch" two points that have been attained by no other Machine.—They are the only Machines that sew and embroider with perfection. These Machines are particularly adapted to family use. They are almost noiseless, sew directly from the spool, without rewinding, and are simple in their construction. They are so light and run so easy can be worked by almost any child. Every family should have one. *They are better, they are cheaper, and they save money,* and do their work better than it can be done by hand.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent for the above Machines, has established an Agency in Gettysburg, Adams co., where he will always have on hand a supply. Persons wishing to buy will please call and examine for themselves.

Needles and Thread will also be supplied.

J. S. WITHEROW, Agent.
Aug. 16, 1866.—tf. Fairfield, Adams county, Pa.

EMPIRE SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINES are superior to all others for FAMILY AND MANUFACTURING PURPOSES.

Combining all the latest improvements; are speedy; noiseless; durable and easy to work.

Illustrated Circulars free. Agents wanted. Liberal discounts allowed. No consignments made.

Address EMPIRE S. M. CO., 616 Broadway, New York. Sept. 6, 1865.—ly

Agricultural Implements.

BRINKERHOFF'S

CORN SHELLER, SEPARATOR AND CLEANER.

The undersigned would inform the Agricultural public that he has purchased from the Patentee of this extraordinary machine, the Patent Right for the States of Pennsylvania and Maryland.

Brinkerhoff's Corn Sheller, Separator and Cleaner, is pronounced the best machine of the kind in this country. And in proof, it may be mentioned that the "Advisory Committee appointed to select Implements for exhibition at the Universal Exposition in Paris, in 1867, have selected this Sheller as the best in America," and at the request of Hon. J. C. Derby, U. S. Agent, a machine has been shipped to Paris for exhibition. One important feature in this machine is that it will shell ears large, small or crooked, perfectly clean, and separate the cob and chaff from the Corn ready for market.

The fact may also be stated that at the great trial of Agricultural Implements, at Auburn, N. Y., in July last, under the auspices of the New York State Agricultural Society, the Brinkerhoff Corn Sheller, Separator and Cleaner was reported by one of the most competent Committees as the best Corn Sheller out. They say, "We have carefully examined and thoroughly tested this machine, and have no hesitation in pronouncing it *the best Corn Sheller we ever saw.*" The report is signed by such men as John Stanton Gould, President N. Y. State Agricultural Society; B. P. Johnson, Secretary to same; Solon Robinson, Agricultural Editor N. Y. Tribune; S. Edward Todd, Agricultural Editor N. Y. Times.

From among many complimentary newspaper notices, the following, from the *N. Y. Observer*, is deemed sufficient:

"Among all the Ears and Corn Shellers made in New York and Albany—and one single firm manufacturers more than 10,000 annually—not one can enter the circle with the Sheller just invented by J. Brinkerhoff, Auburn, New York. It shells, separates and cleanses, rapidly and easily, as one operation, as fast as the ears can be put in the hopper."

The undersigned is now prepared to dispose of COUNTY RIGHTS. He will have SHELLERS ready for sale in the course of a month's time.

All letters to be addressed to

WM. WIBLE,
Mar. 14, 1867. P. O. Box 240, Gettysburg, Pa.

Washing Machines.

THE BEST

WASHING MACHINE.

THE undersigned offers for sale, the TOWNSHIP RIGHTS of Adams county, for DE LONG'S PATENT, which is the CHEAPEST, SIMPLEST and BEST WASHER that has yet been offered to the public. The Rights will be sold on reasonable terms. This is a fine opportunity for energetic men to make GOOD WAGES manufacturing or selling these machines. A sample machine will be furnished any person who purchases a Right, if desired, at cost. Call at the store of Duphorn & Hoffman, N. W. cor. Square, where the machines may be seen and tried.

FRANK D. DUPHORN.

Gettysburg, June 26, 1867.—tf

Hotels and Restaurants.

KEYSTONE HOTEL,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

WM. E. MYERS, PROPRIETOR.

NOW OPEN.

THIS is a new House, and has been fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant and convenient, being in the most business portion of the town. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests, with ample stabling attached. With experienced servants, and accommodating Clerks, we shall use every endeavor to please. This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public, and we kindly solicit a share of public patronage. May 29, 1867.

EAGLE HOTEL.

The largest and most commodious in

GETTYSBURG, PENNA.

CORNER OF CHAMBERSBURG AND WASHINGTON STREETS,

JOHN L. TATE, Proprietor.

An Omnibus, for Passengers and Baggage, runs to the Depot, on arrival and departure of Rail Road Trains. Careful servants, and reasonable charges.

May 29, 1867.—tf

NATIONAL HOTEL, CASHTOWN, PA.,

E. P. KITTINGER, PROPRIETOR

HAVING leased the above well-known House, and having thoroughly refurnished it, he is now prepared to entertain his friends and the public. The Cashtown Springs (connected with this House,) have also been re-fitted, and persons desiring to spend a few weeks or months in a healthy neighborhood, can find no more attractive place. Large Stabling accommodations, and the best of Liquors and Wines. Charges reasonable.

E. P. KITTINGER.

Cashtown, Pa., June 19, 1867.—3m

Forwarding Houses.

M'CURDY & HAMILTON,

DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES, &c.

THE undersigned are paying at their Ware-house, in Carlisle street, adjoining Buehler's Hall, the highest prices for

FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, BUCKWHEAT, CLOVER AND TIMOTHY-SEEDS, POTATOES, &c., &c.,

and invite producers to give them a call before selling.

They have constantly on hand for sale,

A LARGE SUPPLY OF GROCERIES,

Molasses, Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, &c., with Salt, Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Rice and Lard, Tobaccos, &c. Also the best brands of FLOUR, with FEED of all kinds. They likewise have

SEVERAL VALUABLE FERTILIZERS,

Soluble Pacific Guano, Rhodes' Phosphate and A A Mexican Guano.

Whilst they pay the highest market prices for all they buy, they sell at the lowest living profits. They ask a share of public patronage, resolved to give satisfaction in every case.

ROBERT McCURDY,
WM. S. HAMILTON.

July 3, 1867.—tf

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSE.

FLOUR AND FEED.

GRAIN AND GROCERIES.

HAVING purchased the extensive Warehouse, Cars, &c., heretofore owned by Samuel Herbst, we beg leave to inform the public that we are continuing the business at the old stand on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, on a more extensive scale than heretofore.

We are paying the highest market price for Flour, Grain and all kinds of produce.

Flour and Feed, Salt, and all kinds of Groceries, kept constantly on hand and for sale, cheaper than they can be had anywhere else.

Plaster, and all kinds of fertilizers, constantly on hand, or furnished to order.

A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every TUESDAY MORNING, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from Baltimore. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 105 north Howard street, Baltimore. Being determined to pay good prices, sell cheap and deal fairly, we invite everybody to give us a call.

CULP & EARNSHAW.

Aug. 9, 1866.

W. E. BIDDLE. H. S. BENNER.

100,000 Bushs. Grain Wanted.

NEW FIRM AT THE OLD WAREHOUSE. WM. E. BIDDLE & CO. would inform the public that they have leased the Warehouse on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, in Gettysburg, where they will carry on

THE GRAIN AND PRODUCE BUSINESS,

in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw. Dried Fruits, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

GROCERIES of all kinds, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soaps, &c. Also, COAL OIL, Nails, &c. FISH of all kinds: Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

They are always able to supply a first rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

Also, Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. COAL, by the basket, ton or car load.

They will run a LINE OF FREIGHT CARS from Gettysburg to Baltimore once every week. They are prepared to convey Freight either way, by any quantity, at REDUCED RATES. They will attend, if desired, to the making of purchases in the city, and delivering the goods promptly at Gettysburg. Their cars run from the Warehouse of Nathan Rorp & Co., No. 128 North Howard street, near Franklin, Baltimore, where freight will be received at any time. They invite the attention of the public to their line, assuring them that they will spare no efforts to accommodate all who may patronize them.

April 19, 1866.—tf BIDDLE & BENNER.

GRAIN AND GROCERIES.—The highest Market price paid for Grain and all kinds of Produce. Groceries, Fertilizers, &c., constantly on hand for sale at the Ware-house of

CULP & EARNSHAW.

Aug. 9 1866

Groceries.

SWAN'S GROCERY.

JOHN SWAN

Has just received a splendid assortment of FRESH GROCERIES, at his Store on the corner of the public Square, in Gettysburg.

SUGARS.

The finest lot of Sugars ever brought to Gettysburg, and very cheap.

COFFEE.

His Coffee is superior to any offered in the place. If you don't believe it come and see.

MOLASSES.

If you want the best Syrups and Molasses in town you will find them at Swan's.

QUEENSWARE, &c.

His stock of Queensware, Dishes, Lamps, &c., is full cheap and good. Every style and price.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

His Cigars and Tobacco are of superior quality, Acknowledged by good judges to be the best in the market.

CANDIES AND NOTIONS.

Particular attention paid to this department. A full supply of Candies, Nuts, Fruit, Soaps, Fancy articles, in short any and everything usually found in a first class Grocery. In buying in my stock I was careful to know what I was buying, and am now prepared to sell not only GOOD Groceries, but to sell them very cheap. Give me a call and judge for yourselves.

May 29, 1866. JOHN M. SWAN.

WM. BOYER & SON,

KEEP constantly on hand a splendid assortment of

Coffee,
Sugar, Tea, Syrups,
Spices, Fish, Bacon, Salt, Notions,
Tobacco, Cigars, Confections,

and everything connected with a Family Grocery. We will always keep up a full supply of goods and sell them at prices which cannot fail to please. Call and see us at our stand in York street, opposite the Bank of Gettysburg. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods.

May 29, 1865.

NEW ARRANGEMENTS.

HENRY OVERDEER,

On the Hill in Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

HAS made arrangements to get fresh supplies every week from the City and is determined to sell cheap. He invites all to give them a call, his stock consists of Groceries, Notions, Flour, Corn Meal, Chopped Feed, Corn, Oats, Fish, Bacon, Lard, Cheese, Crackers, Tobacco, Segars, Sugar, Coffees, Teas, Syrup, Molasses, Candles, Coal Oil, Fish Oil, Tar, Best Cider, Vinegar, and a great variety of Notions, Candies, &c., &c.

The cash or trade will be given for County Produce such as Flour, Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, Rags, &c. May 29, 1867.—tf

NEW GROCERY STORE.

TELL EVERYBODY YOU SEE THAT

GILBERT,

JUST above the Court-House, and opposite the *Compiler* Office, will sell you everything in the GROCERY AND PROVISION Line cheaper than you can get it elsewhere.

Sugars, Coffees, Molasses,
Candies, Coal Oil, Syrups, Brooms,
Buckets, Tubs, Tobacco, Cigars,

Notions of all kinds. HAM, FISH, OYSTERS, VEGETABLES, always on hand. Give me a call, as I am determined to accommodate. BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of Country Produce taken, for which the highest cash price will be given. Don't forget the place—two doors above the Court-House. Don't pass without calling, as I solicit your patronage.

May 29.—tf

Important

TO ALL PERSONS!

HENDRICKS & WARREN have purchased the Store attached on York street, two doors east of Wolf's Hotel, formerly occupied by J. A. Grimes, and latterly by C. H. Swope, where they will keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of

GROCERIES.

including Sugars, Coffees, Sugars, Teas, Bacon, Flour, Feed, Rice, Potatoes, Salt, Tobacco, &c., &c., every article to be found in a first-class Grocery. Also CONFECTIONS, NOTIONS and FANCY ARTICLES.

They hope to receive a share of public patronage, and earnestly solicit a continuance of the custom heretofore given to the establishment.

JOHN HENDRICKS,
HIRAM WARREN.

Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

New Grocery, and Flour Store.

MEALS & BROTHER,

HAVING opened a Grocery, Flour and Vegetable Store, in the Room formerly occupied by Geo. Little, on West Middle street, they extend an invitation to all buyers, to give them a call—Everything is their line, fresh from the city and country, will be kept on hand. They are determined to sell as cheap, as the cheapest, and as they only ask the lowest living profits, they hope to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage. MEALS & BRO.

May 29, 1868.

Grocery & Liquor Store.

A LARGE assortment of fine GROCERIES,

Teas, Coffees, White Sugars of all kinds, and Brown Sugars, cheap, prime new crop Orleans Molasses, and all grades of Syrups; McSE MACKEREL, best in market. All kinds of

LIQUORS,

wholesale and retail, prime Wine, Brandy, Rye Whisky &c., for medicinal and other purposes, in any quantity.

Also, Stabler's Herb Bitters, and the "Great Zingari Bitters." WM. J. MARTIN,
Balt more st., Gettysburg.

COAL and FISH OIL of the best quality for sale by WM. BOYER & SON

FRESH supply of Groceries, Notions, Tobacco, &c., constantly receiving and for sale by WM. BOYER & SON.

Commercial Colleges.

Iron City College

AND

National Telegraph Institute,

Corner of Penn and St. Clair Streets,

PITTSBURG, PA.

The Largest, Cheapest, Best ACTUAL BUSINESS COLLEGE IN THE UNITED STATES.

During the past ten years, upwards of FIFTEEN THOUSAND STUDENTS, Representing every State in the Union, have Graduated here.

A COLLEGE OF ACTUAL BUSINESS,

Supplied with Banks, Stores, Post Office, Commission Brokers' Insurance, Railroad, Steamboat, and Telegraph Offices, &c., combining

THEORY AND PRACTICE.

Students are thoroughly instructed in all the branches of a

PRACTICAL BUSINESS EDUCATION,

Including Book-keeping, Penmanship, Arithmetic, Commercial Law, Political Economy, Business Correspondence, the Art of Detecting Counterfeit Money, Railroading, Steamboating, Telegraphing,

PRACTICAL BANKING, &c.

STUDENTS CAN ENTER AT ANY TIME,

And complete a full course in from EIGHT to TWELVE weeks.

FIFTY DOLLARS

Pays all expenses for Tuition, Books, Blanks, and Diplomas.

NO EXTRA CHARGES

For Penmanship, Steamboating, Railroading, Banking or Diploma, as in other Colleges. FREE LESSONS daily in Penmanship to all students in the Commercial Department.

FOR CIRCULARS, giving full information, and containing a complete outline of our system of Practical Business Education, together with

TESTIMONIALS

from Practical Business Men, Merchants, Bankers, Bookkeepers, &c.

Address the Principals,

SMITH & COWLEY,
Dec. 13, 1866.—ly Pittsburg, Penna.

DICKINSON

Comb College

AT CARLISLE, PENNA.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO YOUNG MEN CONTEMPLATING A BUSINESS EDUCATION.

TO know that this Institution employs none but competent instructors in every department, and a sufficient number to insure individual instruction to all of its students, and being connected with "Dickinson College," enables it to present combined facilities of the highest order, even to the current expenses attending a course here, are from 50 to 75 per cent. less than similar institutions in large cities. We think that when these facts are properly understood by those who contemplate entering an institution of the order, they will not be long in deciding, in favor of Carlisle.

The following course of instruction, would commend itself to all, who desire that kind of information that must require qualify to prepare them for any of the *business pursuits* in life.

BOOK-KEEPING.

Single and Double Entry as applied and practiced in the various departments of Trade and Commerce, and Banking Houses of the country.

PENMANSHIP.

Practical and Ornamental of superior Style—giving special attention to proper movement, in the formation and combination of letters, and thereby insuring to every student a good Business Hand.

BUSINESS ARITHMETIC.

Including the most approved and best adapted methods for all business calculations—Mental and Written.

ENGLISH GRAMMAR.

Taught with special reference to correct composition, without which no student will be qualified to assume the duties of a first class accountant.

MERCANTILE LAW.

Taught in classes, using "Dean's Treatise" as a Text Book, embracing the most important legal information for a business man to possess.

BUSINESS FORMS AND CORRESPONDENCE,

are daily practiced in the Actual Business Department, where the students in connection with their duties conduct an extensive correspondence, and make out all forms from a Receipt, to a judgment Note.

SPECIAL BRANCHES.

Phonography or Short Hand Writing, Ornamental Penmanship, Pen Drawing, Telegraphing, Natural Philosophy, Geometry, Algebra, &c., &c.

We invite an impartial investigation of our facilities, for imparting sound instruction in the branches enumerated.

Students enter at any time, and pursue their course without interruption.

For further particulars, write and receive Circular. Address, A. M. TRIMMER, Carlisle, Pa.

Feb. 21, 1867.

BUSINESS COLLEGE,

BRYANT, STRATTON & KIMBERLY'S

CORNER 10TH AND CHESTNUT STREETS,

PHILADELPHIA.

YOUNG MEN

Are prepared for the Counting Room and Business life in general.

THEORY & PRACTICE

Combined by means of Banks, Business Houses and the use of all kinds of Business Paper.

THIS INSTITUTION

Is endorsed by the leading business men of the City.

STUDENTS RECEIVED AT ANY TIME.

COLLEGE OPEN ALL THE YEAR.

FOR PARTICULARS SEND FOR CIRCULARS.

June 19, 1867.—ly

Livery Stables.

GETTYSBURG LIVERY,

SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.

THE Proprietor of these Stables, feeling thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore received, begs leave to inform the public that he continues the LIVERY BUSINESS at his old stand on Washington street, Gettysburg, near the Railroad, where he is prepared at all times to accommodate persons with anything in his line.

HORSES, COACHES, BUGGIES, &c.,

furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms, and competent drivers sent along if desired. Persons will be conveyed to other towns, or to any place in the country. His stock and Coaches are of the first class, and no pains will be spared to make passengers comfortable. He is prepared at all times to furnish coaches for funerals; also to parties desiring to go over the Battle Field or to visit the Springs.

ALSO—HORSES AND MULES

will be bought and sold at all times. Persons desiring to purchase stock will find it to their advantage to call on the undersigned, as his stock is warranted to be as represented or no sale. He has a fine lot of Horses and Mules at present on hand which will be sold on reasonable terms. They are sound and free from disease, and are guaranteed to work as represented. Persons will find it to their advantage to call at the old stand before hiring or purchasing elsewhere.

NICHOLAS WEAVER.

May 29, 1867.—tf

THE EAGLE LIVERY,

SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.

Washington Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

ADJOINING THE EAGLE HOTEL.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has opened a new LIVERY, SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLE in this place, and is prepared to offer superior accommodations in this line. He has provided himself with Buggies, Carriages, Hacks, Light Wagons, &c., of the latest style, sufficient to meet the public demand. His horses are all good, without spot or blemish, and perfectly reliable. Some of your "old fogies," but all of the "2.40" order.

Riding parties can always be accommodated and comfortable equipments furnished.

Parties, large or small, can get just what they want on the most accommodating terms.

Visitors to the Battle-field politely attended to, and reliable drivers furnished if desired.

Parties conveyed to and from the Depot upon the arrival and departure of every train.

Horses bought, sold, or exchanged, and always a chance for bargains given. Our motto is "fair play and no cheating."

By strict attention paid to furnishing Vehicles and Stock, we hope to receive a liberal patronage.

We would also inform that by charging moderately for the use of our property, we can afford to sell at prices, every one that patronizes us can afford to pay.

T. T. TATE.

May 29, 1867.—tf.

Medical.

BARRETT'S,

THE BEST VEGETABLE

HAIR RESTORATIVE,

TO WHICH WAS AWARDED

A SILVER MEDAL!

The Highest Premium at the New Hampshire State Fair.

IS now conceded to be superior to all others for restoring Grey Hair to its

ORIGINAL COLOR.

This Preparation relieves the hea.. of Dandruff, Humors, and all unpleasant Burning or Itching of the scalp, supplying to the roots of the hair the required nourishment for the promotion of its growth

IT IS A BEAUTIFUL DRESSING,

leaving the scalp, cool, clean and healthy.

EVERY BOTTLE WARRANTED.

J. R. BARRETT & CO., Proprietors.

Sold by Dr. R. Horner, Gettysburg, Pa., and by Druggists generally. June 26, 1867.—6m

CLIMAX! CLIMAX!!

PAGE'S CLIMAX SALVE,

A FAMILY BLESSING FOR 25 CENTS

It heals without a scar. No family should be without it.

We warrant it to c